
CHARACTERS
AND POINTS
OF HISTORY

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Book 1

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CHART
OF
FAMOUS CHARACTERS,
AND
SALIENT POINTS OF HISTORY.

2000 B. C. — 1900 A. D.

A USEFUL INDEX FOR REFERENCE,
AND A KEY TO HISTORY.

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BY EDWARD G. HEWITT.

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GREAT EVENTS COME THROUGH GREAT CHARACTERS
 WHO HAVE FAITH TO START GREAT MOVEMENTS
 WITH LIGHT AND INTENSITY TO ACHIEVE SUCCESS.

P R E F A C E.

This work is planned to make history more easily comprehended and therefore more interesting. It will enable a person to readily ascertain when a famous character lived, when a noted battle was fought, or the date of some other important occurrence. Many events of secondary importance have been purposely omitted, thus leaving the main incidents of history free from what might confuse.

The arrangement of the work is very simple and is designed to put one on the direct track to the information desired. Its value consists not only in showing at a glance the important events that occurred during the careers of great characters, but also the predecessors, contemporaries and successors of those characters, with their correlations. The notes are brief and suggestive—they will tend to stimulate the reader to further research.

The substance of history for the 3900 years is given on the first double page, and its chronological order on the second double page. A study of these will show in what part of the world activities flourished at any era, and also indicate the country or power that was uppermost in the history of each epoch.

The tops of the letters (on the 8 charts) comprising the name of a character are, as a rule, placed on the year of birth. For example: Lincoln was born in 1809, and met a violent death in 1865. The names without life lines on page 24 are placed when each character was about 30 years of age.

The material has been gathered from various histories and books of reference. "The Historical Reference Book," by Louis Heilprin (one of the works consulted) will be a handy volume for finding additional data. I am further indebted to friends for aid and suggestions.

Some will expect more names of statesmen, while others would prefer more names of philosophers, scientists, writers, educators, musicians, etc. Space is left for inserting a moderate number of such names—the relation which they have to the famous characters or leading events will then become obvious.

E. G. H.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

February, 1902

CONDENSED SUMMARY OF HISTORY.

PRIOR TO THE DARK AGES.

| | B. C. |
|--|-----------------------|
| EARLY BABYLONIAN OR CHALDEAN EMPIRE TO - - - | 1300 |
| GREATEST POWER AND SPLENDOR OF NEW EMPIRE IN EGYPT - | 1600-1300 |
| PERIOD OF EXPANSION IN INDIA - - - | 1400 - 320 |
| <hr/> | |
| ASSYRIAN EMPIRE. (Brilliant epoch after 900 and especially after 745) - - | 1100 - 607 |
| PHENICIANS' GREATEST PROSPERITY - - - | 1100-600 |
| They were the greatest manufacturers, merchants, navigators and colonizers of antiquity. | |
| LATER BABYLONIAN EMPIRE (Babylon, Media, Lydia, Egypt) - - | 607 - 538 |
| MEDO-PERSIAN EMPIRE - - - | 538 - 330 |
| GREECE. MOST FLOURISHING PERIOD - - - | 500-338 |
| MACEDONIA OR GRECIAN EMPIRE - - - | 330 - 301 |
| ALEXANDER'S SUCCESSORS RULED TO - - - | 168 |
| ROME MAKES FOREIGN CONQUESTS - - - | 255 — 133 |
| ROME DOMINANT - - - | 168 B. C. — 250 A. D. |
| THE RUGGED BARBARIANS POUR INTO THE ROMAN DOMAINS - | 375 - 568 |
| WESTERN EMPIRE FALLS. Eastern Empire continues to - - | 1453 |

SINCE THE FALL OF ROME.

| | A. D. |
|---|------------|
| DARK AGES, SAY - - - | 500 - 1100 |
| SARACEN OR ARABIC ASCENDENCY. First Caliph 632. Conquests to - - | 732 |
| Later conquests to - - - | 962 |
| Bagdad taken and devastated by the Mongols - - - | 1258 |
| EMPIRE OF CHARLEMAGNE COVERED MOST OF WESTERN EUROPE - | 800 |
| MOORS IN SPAIN. Height of their civilization and power was in the 10th Century. | |
| HOLY ROMAN EMPIRE OF THE GERMAN NATION. OTHO EMPEROR - | 962 |
| Foremost power in Europe 11th Century. Power declined in 12th Century. | |
| End of the old German Empire - - - | 1806 |
| FEUDALISM. Most rapid development of, was in 9th Century. | |
| Universal system of government in Europe 12th Century. | |
| Replaced by strong national Monarchies 15th Century. | |
| CRUSADES OF CHRISTIANS AGAINST THE MOHAMMEDANS - - | 1096-1272 |
| ITALIAN REPUBLICS rise to great wealth and glory in 12th Century. | |
| MONGOL INVASIONS AND EMPIRE UNDER GENGHIS KHAN AND SUCCESSORS | 1206-1480 |

CONDENSED SUMMARY OF HISTORY.

SINCE THE FALL OF ROME. — CONTINUED.

A. D.

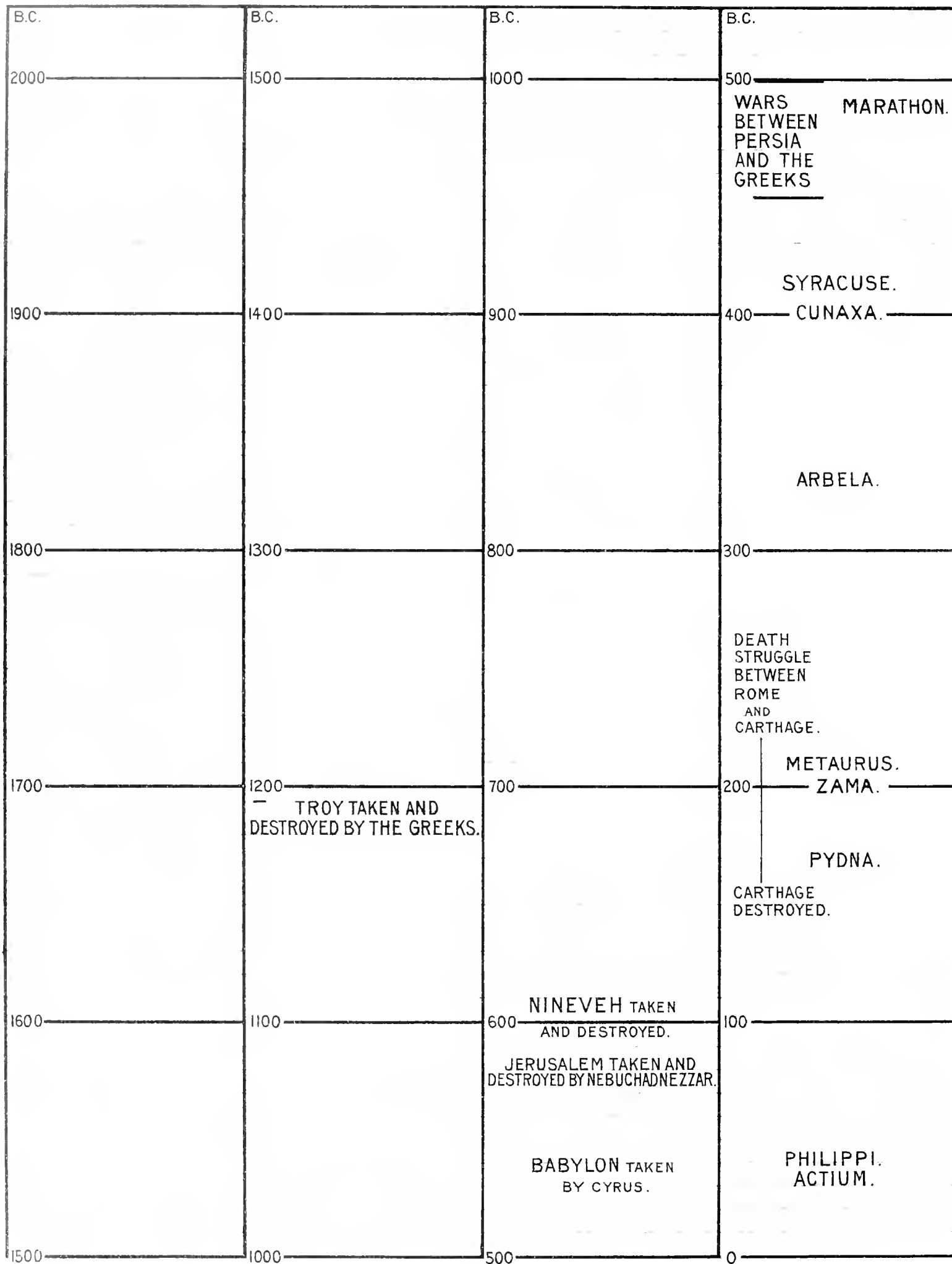
| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------|
| FRANCE | began to be a great nation about | - | - | - | - | - | 1250 |
| | France has become a great power in Europe | - | - | - | - | - | 1483 |
| | France the greatest power in Europe | - | - | - | - | - | 1649-1697 |
| | French Revolution | - | - | - | - | - | 1789-1794 |
| | Napoleonic Wars | - | - | - | - | - | 1796-1815 |
| ENGLAND. | Rise of English manufactures and commerce | - | - | - | - | - | 1331 |
| | Commerce, Colonies and Literature greatly flourish after | - | - | - | - | - | 1588 |
| HUNDRED YEARS' WAR BETWEEN ENGLAND AND FRANCE | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1338-1453 |
| BLACK DEATH THROUGHOUT EUROPE. MANY MILLIONS PERISH | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1348-1351 |
| HANSEATIC LEAGUE OF 90 GERMAN CITIES 1241. ZENITH | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1382 |
| TURKISH EMPIRE FOUNDED BY OTHMAN 1288. MANY CONQUESTS TO | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1453 |
| | Zenith of Power | - | - | - | - | - | 1551 |
| | Defeated | - | - | - | - | - | 1571, 1664 and 1683 |
| PORTUGUESE MARITIME DISCOVERIES. Founded Colonies as far as India | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1410-1510 |
| VENICE, at the height of its power in the 15th Century. | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Strong Monarchies founded in European countries in 15th Century. | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| SPAIN. | Conquest of Granada. Discovery of America by Columbus | - | - | - | - | - | 1492 |
| | Greatest outward prosperity and foremost power | - | - | - | - | - | 1512 — |
| | Naval Power crushed by England | - | - | - | - | - | 1588 |
| RISE OF THE DUTCH REPUBLIC (The Dutch noted as bold navigators and skillful manufacturers.) | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1566-1581 |
| | Independence recognized by Spain | - | - | - | - | - | 1648 |
| | Naval and commercial supremacy. Supplanted by England in | - | - | - | - | - | 1782 |
| Thirty Years' Devastating Religious War in Europe | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1618-1648 |
| SWEDEN. | Possessions in Germany | - | - | - | - | - | 1648 |
| | Mistress of the Baltic Sea, close of the 17th Century. | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | Campaigns of Charles XII. Height of Sweden's power, and its decline | - | - | - | - | - | 1700-1709 |
| War of the Spanish Succession which resulted in England's advancement | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1701-1714 |
| GREAT BRITAIN. | Union of England and Scotland | - | - | - | - | - | 1707 |
| | Supremacy obtained in part of India | - | - | - | - | - | 1757 |
| | Leads in commerce | - | - | - | - | - | 1800 |
| UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. | Declaration of Independence by the Colonies | - | - | - | - | - | 1776 |
| | Phenomenal progress after | - | - | - | - | - | 1885 |
| FIVE GREAT POWERS. Austria, France, Great Britain, Prussia and Russia | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1815 — |
| Many Revolutions in Europe | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1848-1849 |
| PRUSSIA. | Poland compelled to acknowledge independence of | - | - | - | - | - | 1657 |
| | Becomes one of the great powers | - | - | - | - | - | 1763-1786 |
| | Ascendency on the continent | - | - | - | - | - | 1870 |
| NEW GERMAN EMPIRE founded | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1871 |

| | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------|--|
| B.C. | B.C. | B.C. | | B.C. |
| | EGYPT | EMPIRE OF DAVID AND OF SOLOMON. | GREAT | MEDO - SPARTA THE LEADING POWER |
| 2000 | 1500 | 1000 | | 500 |
| | HAS | DAMASCUS THE LARGEST CITY OF SYRIA. | | OF GREECE. |
| | THE | | | |
| | LEADING | | PROS- | PERSIAN |
| | | | | <i>ATHENS THE LEADING POWER OF GREECE.</i> |
| | | | | CARTHAGE THE STRONGEST |
| 1900 | 1400 | 900 | PERITY | 400 |
| | PLACE | DAMASCUS AT ITS HEIGHT. Carthage Colonized by the Tyrians. | | OF NAVAL POWERS. |
| | AMONG | | | SPARTA ALL POWERFUL IN GREECE. |
| | | BRILLIANT | OF | EMPIRE. |
| | NATIONS. | | | <i>THEBES SUPREME IN GREECE.</i> |
| 1800 | 1300 | 800 | | 300 |
| | | PERIOD | | MACEDONIAN OR GRECIAN EMPIRE |
| | | OF | | SUCCESSORS |
| | | (New Assyrian Empire) | THE | OF |
| | | THE | | ROME |
| | | | | ALEXANDER |
| 1700 | 1200 | 700 | | MAK- ING |
| | | ASSYRIAN | PHOENI- | |
| | | (Nineveh made) the Capital of A.) | CIANS. | RULED. |
| | | EMPIRE. | | |
| | | Greatest Prosperity of Corinth. | | CON- QUESTS. |
| | | | | ERA OF GREAT |
| 1600 | 1100 | 600 | LATER | 100 |
| | | BABYLONIAN | | WEALTH, POVERTY AND INTERNAL STRIFE IN ROME. |
| | | EMPIRE. | | IS |
| | TYRE AT THE HEIGHT OF ITS POWER. | | | SUPREME. |
| BABYLON A CENTRE OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE. | | | | |
| 1500 | 1000 | 500 | | 0 |

| A.D. | A.D. | A.D. | |
|---|--|--|---|
| | DARK AGES TO 1100. | | RUSSIA FREED FROM THE MONGOL YOKE. |
| 0 | 500 | 1000 | 1500 |
| | CLOVIS FOUNDS A CAPITAL IN GAUL FOR THE FRANKS. | <i>CANUTE RULED ENGLAND, ETC.</i> GERMAN EMPIRE IS THE FOREMOST POWER IN EUROPE. Popery at height of its power <i>NORMAN CONQUEST OF ENGLAND.</i> | SPAIN THE GREATEST POWER IN EUROPE. REFORMATION BEGINS. TURKISH EMPIRE AT ITS ZENITH. Manufacture and Commerce increase. |
| 100 | 600 | 1100 | 1600 |
| | LOMBARDS POUR INTO ITALY AND ESTABLISH THE KINGDOM OF LOMBARDY. | POPES COMPEL THE EMPERORS TO YIELD THEM OBEDIENCE. ITALIAN REPUBLICS RISE TO GREAT WEALTH. <i>FEUDALISM UNIVERSAL IN EUROPE.</i> | RISE OF THE DUTCH REPUBLIC AND THEIR SUBSEQUENT NAVAL SUPREMACY. ENGLAND FLOURISHES. |
| 200 | 700 | 1200 | 1700 |
| ROMAN POWER IS RAPIDLY DECLINING. | SARACENS SPREAD THEIR RELIGION BY THE SWORD. EMPIRE OF CHARLEMAGNE. <i>ENGLAND UNITED UNDER KING EGBERT.</i> | EUROPE COMPLETELY EMERGED FROM THE DARK AGES. GENERAL INTELLECTUAL IMPROVEMENT. <i>ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIVERSITIES.</i> | FRANCE THE GREATEST POWER IN EUROPE. SWEDEN THE FIRST POWER OF THE NORTH. HEIGHT OF SWEDEN'S POWER. |
| 300 | 800 | 1300 | 1800 |
| | GROWTH OF THE PAPAL POWER. <i>MOORS IN SPAIN HIGH IN CIVILIZATION.</i> | BLACK DEATH. COMMERCE AND WEALTH INCREASE IN ENGLAND. <i>HANSEATIC LEAGUE.</i> | RISE OF RUSSIA <i>ENGLAND ADVANCES.</i> AUSTRIA HAS INCREASED ITS TERRITORY. <i>AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA AT WAR FOR SUPREMACY.</i> PRUSSIA BECOMES ONE OF THE GREAT POWERS. <i>FRENCH REVOLUTION.</i> |
| 400 | 900 | 1400 | 1900 |
| BARBARIANS POUR INTO THE ROMAN DOMAINS. | FRENCH MONARCHY BEGINS. | PORTUGUESE MARITIME DISCOVERIES. <i>ARCHDUCHEY OF AUSTRIA CREATED.</i> VENICE HAS GROWN TO BE A POWER. <i>FRANCE A STRONG POWER.</i> STRONG NATIONAL MONARCHIES IN EUROPE. | GREAT BRITAIN LEADS IN COMMERCE. REVOLUTIONARY EPOCH. <i>NEW GERMAN EMPIRE.</i> UNITED STATES PROSPEROUS. |
| 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 |
| | | | |

| B.C. | B.C. | B.C. | B.C. |
|----------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 2000 | 1500 | 1000 | 500 |
| ABRAHAM. | MOSES | SOLOMON | XERXES. |
| 1900 | 1400 | 900 | 400 |
| JACOB. | RAMESES ^{II} | ELIJAH. | SOCRATES. |
| 1800 | 1300 | 800 | 300 |
| JACOB. | | HOMER. | PLATO. |
| 1700 | 1200 | 700 | 200 |
| | | ISAIAH. | DEMOSTHENES. |
| 1600 | 1100 | 600 | 100 |
| | SAUL. | NEBUCHADNEZZAR | MITHRIDATES. |
| | DAVID. | SOLON. | CÆSAR. |
| 1500 | 1000 | 500 | 0 |
| | | CYRUS. | (OCTAVIUS.) |
| | | TARQUIN. | AUGUSTUS.) |
| | | CONFUCIUS. | |

| A.D. | A.D. | A.D. | A.D. |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0 | 500 | 1000 | 1500 |
| CHRIST. | | | MICHAELANGELO. LUTHER. |
| ST. PAUL. NERO. | | WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR. HILDEBRAND. GREGORY VII. | CHARLES V. ELIZABETH. WILLIAM THE SILENT. |
| 100 | 600 | 1100 | 1600 |
| TRAJAN. | GREGORY. MOHAMMED. | PETER THE HERMIT. | BACON. SHAKESPEARE. GALILEO. RICHELIEU. CROMWELL. |
| M. AURELIUS. | | FREDERICK BARBAROSSA | NEWTON. |
| 200 | 700 | 1200 | 1700 |
| | SAINT BONIFACE. | GENGHIS KHAN. | PETER THE GREAT. |
| | | | FREDERICK THE GREAT. |
| | CHARLEMAGNE. HAROUN AL-RASHID. | DANTE. | WASHINGTON. |
| 300 | 800 | 1300 | 1800 |
| ST. ANTHONY. CONSTANTINE. | | | NAPOLEON. |
| | ALFRED | TAMERLANE. | VICTORIA. GLADSTONE. LINCOLN. BISMARCK. |
| 400 | 900 | 1400 | 1900 |
| THEODOSIUS. ST. AUGUSTINE. | | | |
| ATTILA. LEO. | OTHO. | COLUMBUS. | |
| 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 |
| THEODORIC. CLOVIS. | | | |



| A.D. | A.D. | A.D. | A.D. |
|--|--|---|---|
| 0 | 500 | 1000 | 1500 |
| TEUTOBURG. | | HASTINGS. | LEPANTO. |
| JERUSALEM. — DREADFUL DESTRUCTION BY TITUS. | | | ARMADA DEFEATED. |
| 100 | 600 | 1100 | 1600 |
| | MOHAMMED SUBDUES ARABIA. HIS RELIGION SPREAD BY THE SWORD OVER ASIA AND | C R U S A D E S | LUTZEN. THIRTY YEARS' RELIGIOUS WAR. |
| 200 | 700 | 1200 | 1700 |
| | XEREZ. NORTH AFRICA. MOORS CROSSED INTO SPAIN. TOURS. | MONGOL INVASIONS UNDER GENGHIS KHAN. | BLENHEIM. PULTOWA. GREAT NORTHERN WAR. |
| | | | TORGAU. 7 YEARS WAR. |
| ROMAN EMPIRE ATTACKED ON ALL SIDES. | CHARLEMAGNE'S CONQUESTS MAKE HIM EMPEROR OF THE WEST. | | SARATOGA. VALMY. |
| 300 | 800 | 1300 | 1800 |
| | NORTHMEN (OR VIKINGS) MAKE VARIOUS INVASIONS | ENGLAND AND FRANCE | TRAFALGAR. WATERLOO. |
| THE HARDY BARBARIANS RUSH INTO THE | | CRECY. MONGOL INVASION UNDER TAMERLANE. | SEBASTOPOL. GETTYSBURG. SEDAN. PLEVNA. |
| 400 | 900 | 1400 | 1900 |
| CRUMBLING ROMAN EMPIRE. | AND SETTLEMENTS. | AT WAR. | |
| CHALONS. | | AGINCOURT. ORLEANS. CONSTANTINOPLE TAKEN BY THE TURKS. | |
| 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 2000 |

ABRAHAM

ISAAC

JACOB

JOSEPH

QUEEN HATASU
?

THOTHMES III

MOSES

JOSHUA

? — 1500 B. C.

SPHINX. Great pyramid at Gizeh.

2400 Capital of the old Empire of Egypt changed from Memphis to Thebes.

2348 DELUGE.

2300 Labyrinth and important national works.

Golden Age of Egyptian culture.

2247 TOWER OF BABEL.

Invaders from Asia take Memphis and settle in Lower Egypt.

2200-1700 Dominion of the Hyksos or Shepherds in Egypt.

2080 Hyksos conquer Lower Egypt

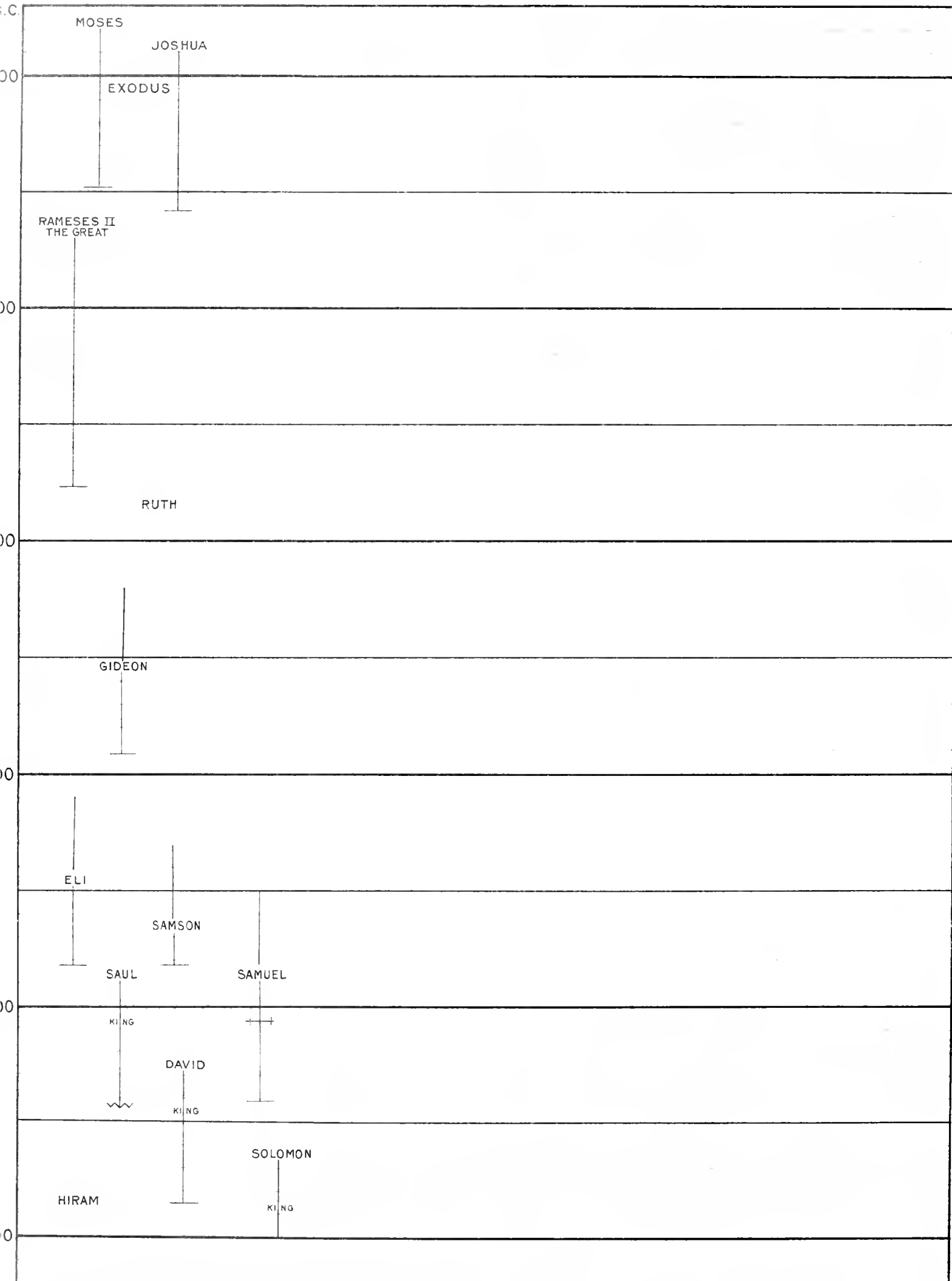
1898 Destruction of Sodom.

1729 Joseph sold to Potiphar

1706 Jacob and family migrate to Egypt.

Gigantic Temple at Karnac.

1560 Babylon, capital of a united Babylonia.



1500 — 1000 B. C.

1500-1300 EGYPT. Foremost of the nations in arts and arms.

1500-1100 Sidon was the leading city of Phoenicia. Then Tyre was

1491 Exodus of the Hebrews from Egypt is placed by some, 171 years later. Dates of olden times are far from reliable. The Hebrews after wandering 40 years in the wilderness, conquer Canaan.

1450-1300 Greatest power of the Hittite realm in Syria.

First Canal from the Red Sea to the Nile.

1400-1095 Era of the Judges in Canaan.

Navigation and commerce in Egypt.

1194-1184 TROJAN WAR.

1120 Chow Dynasty.

1100 Dorians migrated southward into the Peloponnesus.

1100 Cadiz founded by the Phoenicians.

1095 Kingdom established among the Jews, under Saul.

1055 Philistines overwhelm Saul at Gilboa.

1048 Jerusalem taken by David.

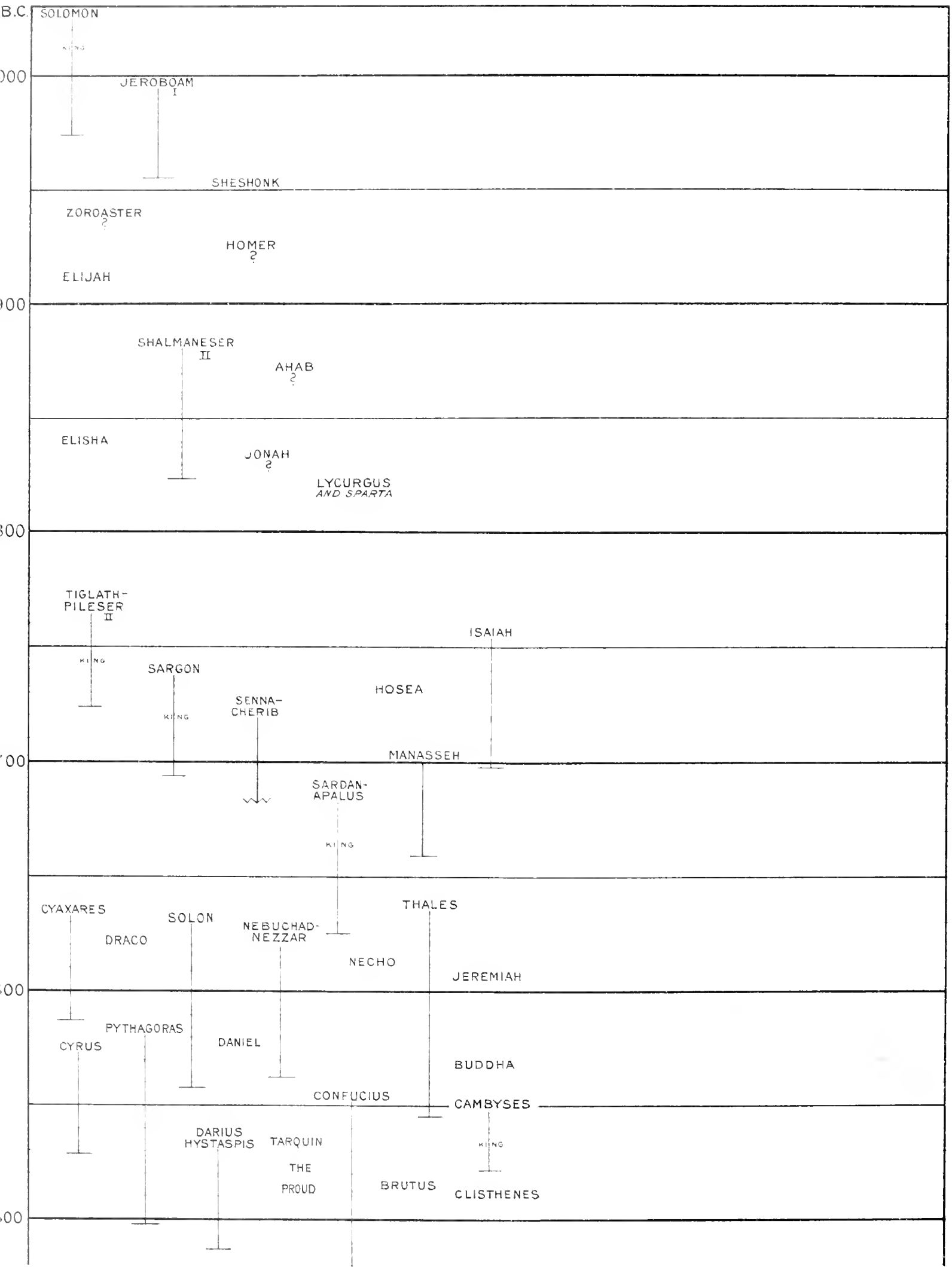
1015 As a result of wars, David left, at his death, the largest kingdom in the Oriental world.

1006 Solomon's Temple at Jerusalem dedicated.

1000 Ionian migration to Asia Minor.

Tyre at the height of its power.

Damascus the largest city of Syria.

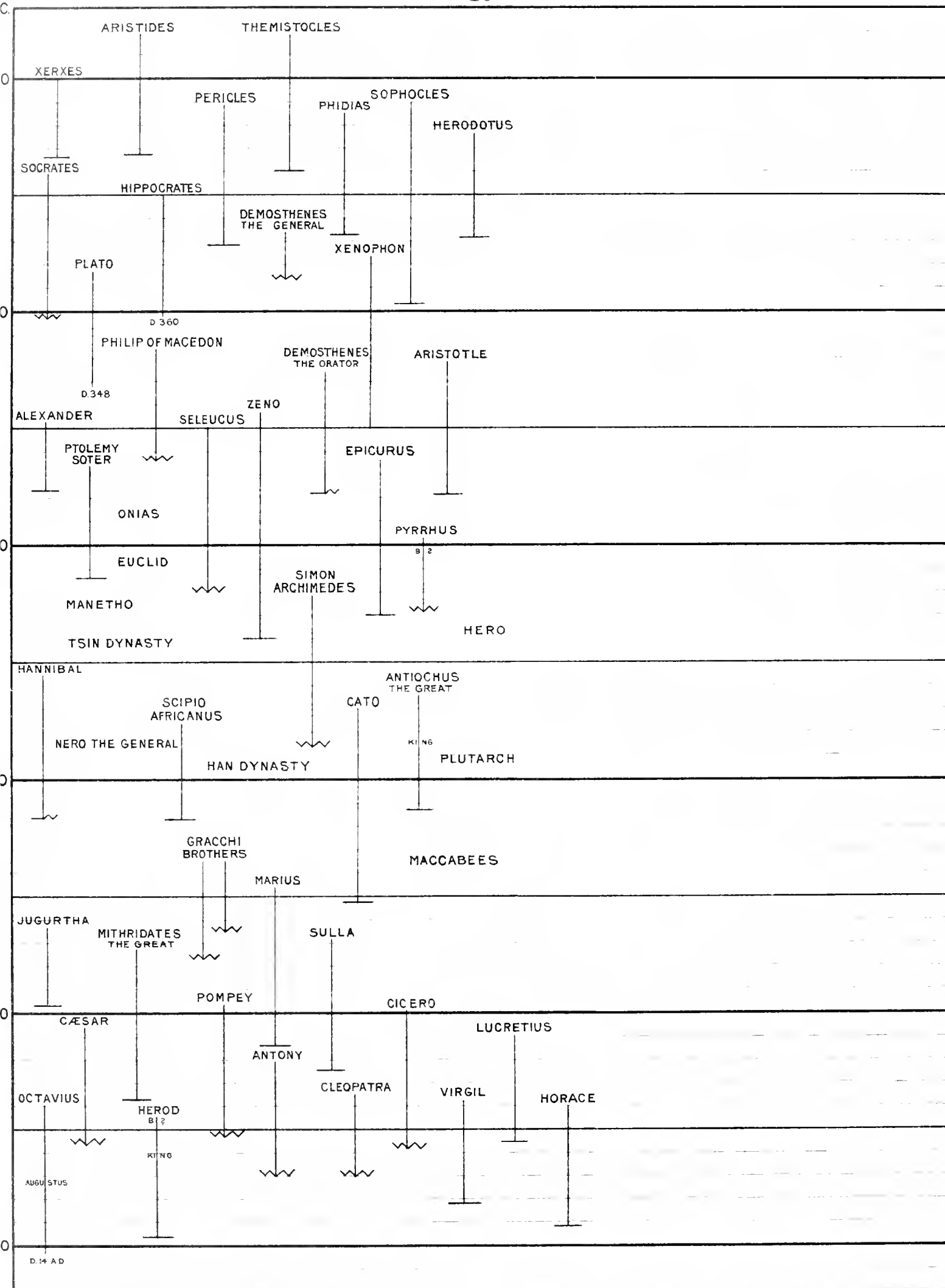


1000 — 500 B. C.

- 975 Division of Solomon's Empire into the Kingdoms of Israel and Judah.
- 895 King of Syria makes war on the Jews.
- 850 (about) Foundation of the colony of Carthage.
- 776 Beginning of the Olympiads.
- 767 General plague.
- 753 Rome founded.
- 745 New Assyrian Empire founded.
- 743-724 } Sparta conquered the Messenians.
645-628 }
- 734 Corinth founds Syracuse.
- 721 Final captivity of the Ten Tribes of Israel by Sargon.
- 717 Sargon took Karkamis, the key of the trade of Western Asia.
- 695 Babylon destroyed by Sennacherib.
- 657 Byzantium founded.
- 650 All Egypt united under Psammetichus.
The Assyrian Empire reached the limits of its supremacy under Sardanapalus.
- 640 Revolt of the Medes from the government of Assyria.
- 632 Great irruption of the Scythians into Media, Assyria, and Syria
- 607 (625) Nineveh taken and destroyed by the Medes and Babylonians.
The Imperial and all powerful Assyrian nation now utterly destroyed.
-

- 605 Victory of Nebuchadnezzar over Necho. Egyptians compelled to retire from Asia.
- 586 Nebuchadnezzar captured and destroyed Jerusalem. Jews led away to Babylon into captivity.
Babylon, the magnificent city, now at its height of glory.
- 560 Lydia attains the height of her power under King Croesus.
- 558 Cyrus subdued the Medes and founds the Persian Empire.
- 552 Temple of Diana at Ephesus.
- 538 Babylon taken by Cyrus, amid revelries.
-

- 536 Part of the Jews returned from captivity to Jerusalem. More Jews return under Ezra (478).
- 525 Cambyses conquered Egypt. Egypt a Persian province.
- 513 Disastrous expedition of Darius with 700,000 men against the Scythians.



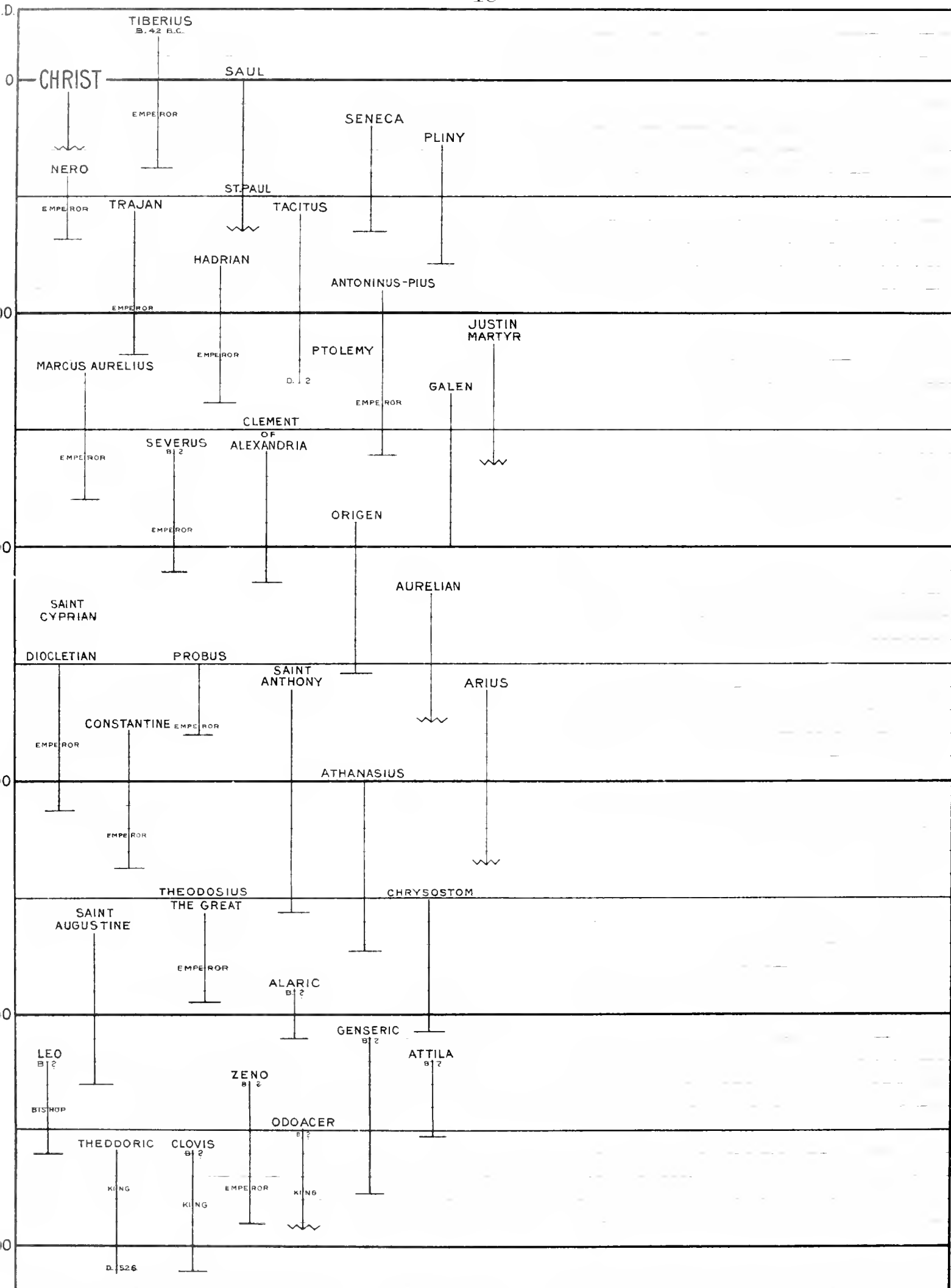
500 — 0 B. C.

Temple of Jupiter in course of construction.

- 500-449 Persian Wars with the Greeks.
 490 MARATHON. Athenians repulsed the invasion of the Persians.
 480 THERMOPYLÆ. Defense by Leonidas.
 480 SALAMIS. Greek naval victory over Xerxes.
 479 PLATÆA AND MYCÆLÆ. Greeks defeat Persians.
 Golden Age of Greek Art commences.
 457 Athens shows great naval activity.
 438 Parthenon at Athens.
 431-404 PELOPONNESIAN WARS. Sparta gains supremacy over Athens.
 430 Pestilence at Athens.
 413 SYRACUSE. Athenian fleet defeated.
 409-275 Repeated wars between the Carthaginians and Greeks in Sicily.
 400 Retreat of the 10,000 Greeks after battle of Cunaxa.
 390 ALLIA. Utter defeat and rout of the Romans by the Gauls under Brennus.
 367 ROME. Licinian Laws.
 362 MANTINEA. Spartans and allies defeated.
 360 Carthaginian settlements in Spain.
 CARTHAGE. The strongest of naval powers.
 338 CHERONEA. Victory of Philip of Macedon over the Thebans and Athenians.
 334 GRANICUS. Alexander the Great defeated the Persians.
 333 ISSUS. Alexander gained a brilliant victory over the Persians.
 332 Egypt conquered by the Greeks. Alexandria founded.
 331 ARBELA. Alexander crushed the Persian army, and became supreme.

- 326 Battle of Hydaspes. Alexander defeated Porus.
 301 IPSUS. Overthrow of Antigonus. Empire divided.
 280 Colossus of Rhodes completed.
 280-276 Roman Wars with Pyrrhus.
 266 Rome mistress of all Italy.
 264-146 Punic Wars. First, Second, and Third.
 216 CANNÆ. Hannibal crushes the Roman legions.
 215-146 Wars between Rome and Macedonia.
 214 Great Wall of China completed.
 212 Syracuse taken by the Romans.
 207 METAURUS. Romans shattered Hannibal's allies.
 207 Scipio Africanus expels the Carthaginians from Spain.
 202 ZAMA. Decisive Roman victory over Hannibal, by (Africanus Major) Scipio.
 197 CYNOSCEPHALÆ. Romans destroy Macedonia's army and power.
 190 MAGNESIA. Romans destroy the army of Antiochus, the Great King of Syria.
 168 PYDNA. Roman Legions give the death blow to Macedonia.

- 149-140 Roman War with the Lusitanians.
 146 CARTHAGE } Captured and destroyed by the Romans.
 146 CORINTH }
 143-133 Numantine War.
 133-27 Period of Roman internal strife.
 GREAT WEALTH, MONEY ARISTOCRACY, MORAL DECAY.
 Poor classes increasing and too dependent.
 113-101 War with the Cimbri and Teutones.
 111-105 War against Jugurtha.
 88-82 First and Second Mithridatic War.
 74-65 Third Mithridatic War.
 58-51 Cæsar's Gallic Wars.
 48 PHARSALIA. Victory of Cæsar over Pompey.
 48 Library (half million volumes) at Alexandria burned.
 42 PHILIPPI. Cassius and Brutus overwhelmed by Antony and Octavius.
 31 ACTIUM. Octavius defeated fleets of Antony and Cleopatra.
 Rome has become a splendid city.



0 — 500 A. D.

- 9 TEUTOBURG. Roman legions annihilated by Arminius (Prince of a German Tribe).
- 16 Germanicus triumphs over Arminius in Germany.
- 42 Awful famine in Egypt.
- 43-85 Roman conquest of Britain.
- 64 First persecution of the Christians.
- 64 Rome burned by Nero.
- 70 Jerusalem captured and Temple destroyed by Titus.
- 79 Eruption of Vesuvius. Herculaneum and Pompeii buried.
- 80 167 169 }
189 } Great Plagues in Roman World.
250-265 }
- 100 Greatest extension of the Roman Empire.
- 138-160 Golden Age of the Roman Empire.
- 200 Roman Empire threatened by the German tribes.
- 250 General persecution of the Christians.
- 250-260 General attacks on the Roman domains.
- 272-273 Zenobia, Queen of Palmyra, vanquished.
- 303 General persecution of the Christians.
- 312 Constantine conquers Italy.
- 323 Constantine master of the Roman World.
- 325 First council of the Christian Church at Nicæa. A creed adopted.
- 330 Constantinople (Byzantium) made the capital of the Roman Empire by Constantine.
- 364 Roman Empire partitioned into East and West.
- 374 The Huns pass the Volga and are conquerors.
- 375-568 Migrations of the Ruthless Huns, Goths, etc., on a large scale, into the Roman Empire.
- 378 ADRIANOPIE. Great victory of the Goths over the Romans.
- 381 Second general council of the Christian Church at Constantinople.
- 395 Final division into the Eastern or Byzantine Empire and the Western Empire.

THE ROMAN EMPIRE, the Ruler of the World in the time of Augustus, has ceased to be the great power. The Fall of the Western Empire is usually given as 476 A. D. Eastern or Byzantine Empire continued to 1453.

- 406 Vandals, etc., invade Gaul.
- 410 Rome taken and sacked by the Visigoths under Alaric.
- 411 Rome forced to recall her legions from Britain.
- 415 Founding of the Visigothic Kingdom in Spain.
- 429-534 Kingdom of the Vandals in Africa.
- 449-607 English conquest of Britain.
- 450 Famine in Italy.
- 451 CHÂLONS. Romans defeated Attila in a terrible battle, and one of the most important in history.
- 452 Foundation of Venice.
- 455 Rome sacked by the Vandals under Genseric.
- 476 Odoacer supplants the Cæsars at Rome.
- 486 SOISSONS. Franks under Clovis vanquish the Romans in Gaul.
- 490-493 Theodoric invades Italy and overthrows Odoacer.

A.D.

500

600

700

800

900

000

SAINT
BENEDICT

THEODORIC

NARSES

JUSTINIAN

BELISARIUS

EMPEROR

GREGORY

MAHOMET
OR
MOHAMMED

POPE

OMAR

I

HERACLIUS

OTHMAN

EMPEROR

CALIPH

CALIPH

RODERIC

B 1 ?

MARTEL

SAINT
BONIFACE

PEPIN

B 1 ?

KING

CHARLEMAGNE

EGBERT

HAROUN
AL-RASHID

B 1 ?

CALIPH

LOTHAIRE

I

EMPEROR

KING

RURIK

B 1 ?

NICHOLAS
THE GREAT

B 1 ?

EMPEROR

ALFRED
THE GREAT

KING

POPE

ROLLO

B 1 ?

HENRY

I

KING

OTHO

I

KING

ZIMISCES

VLADIMIR

B 1 ?

EMPEROR

EMPEROR

HUGH
CAPET

B 1 ?

KING

500 — 1000 A. D.

- 450-700 Angles and Saxons settling in Britain.
- 507 Clovis founds a capital in Gaul for the Franks.
- 533 Belisarius destroys the Vandal power in Africa.
- 543 Earthquake felt by nearly the whole world.
- 555 Narses destroys the kingdom of the Ostro-Goths, in Italy.
- 557 Earthquake. Constantinople. Thousands perish.
- 558 Dreadful plague begins in Europe.
- 568-774 Kingdom of the Lombards in Italy.
- 622 MOHAMMED. Flight from Mecca to Medina.
- 629 Mecca submits to Mohammed.
- 635 CADESIA. Saracens vanquish the Persians.
- 640 Saracens invade Egypt.
- 641 BATTLE OF NEHAVEND. Decisive victory for the Saracens over the Persians.
- 661-750 Rule of Omniad Caliphs. Capital, Damascus. They made attacks on Europe.
- 709 Subjugation of Northern Africa, by the Saracens, completed.
- 711 BATTLE OF XEREZ-DE-LA-FRONTERA. Kingdom of Visigoths destroyed by the Saracens or Moors.
- 711-1492 Saracens and Moors in Spain. A high civilization. Height of their power was in 10th Century.
- 732 TOURS OR POITIERS. Saracens defeated by the Franks under Martel.
- 739 Famine in England, Wales, and Scotland.
- 742 Awful Earthquake in Syria, Palestine, and Asia. Immense loss of life.
- 750-1258 Rule of the Abbasside Caliphate. Bagdad founded and made the Capital about 765.
-
- 751 Pepin, King of Franks, founds the Carolingian dynasty.
- 772 Charlemagne begins his wars and conquests.
- 800 Charlemagne, Emperor of the West.
- 827 England united under Egbert.
- 843 Treaty of Verdun. France, Germany, and Italy become separate and independent States.
- This is a period of great confusion and many changes.
- 871 Alfred the Great, founder of modern England.
- Papal power has become well established.
- 894 Magyars or Hungarians, descend into Hungary, and establish themselves.
- 911 Northmen gained a permanent foothold in Normandy.
- 954-957 Famine in England, Wales, and Scotland.
- 933 MERSEBURG. Henry, the Fowler, defeats the Hungarians.
- 955 LECH. Otho vanquishes the Hungarians.
-
- 962 Foundation of the Holy Roman Empire of the German nation.
- 988 Conversion and unification of Russia.
- 1000 Rise of Poland.
- 1000 Genoa becomes rich and powerful.

A.D.

1000

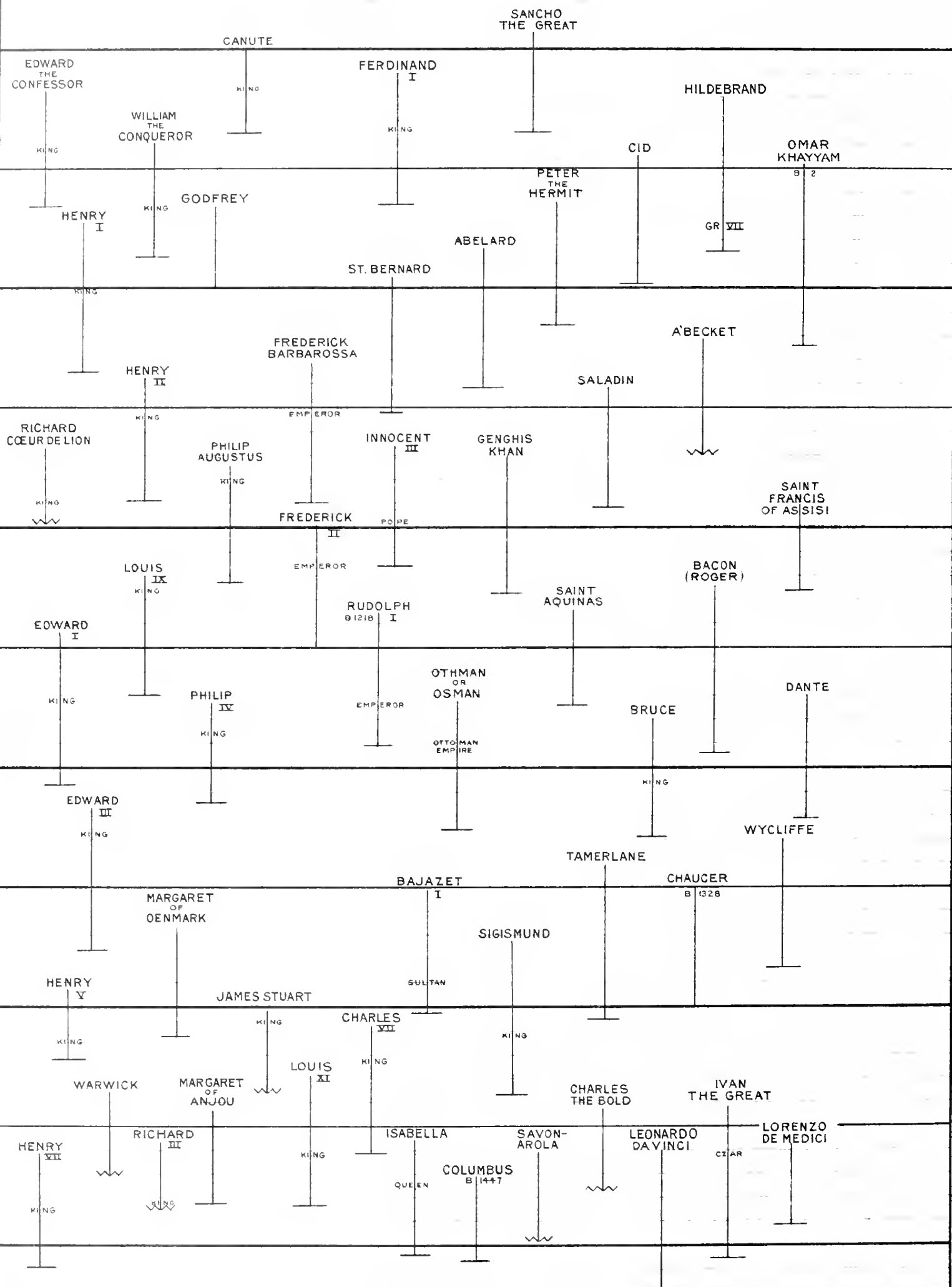
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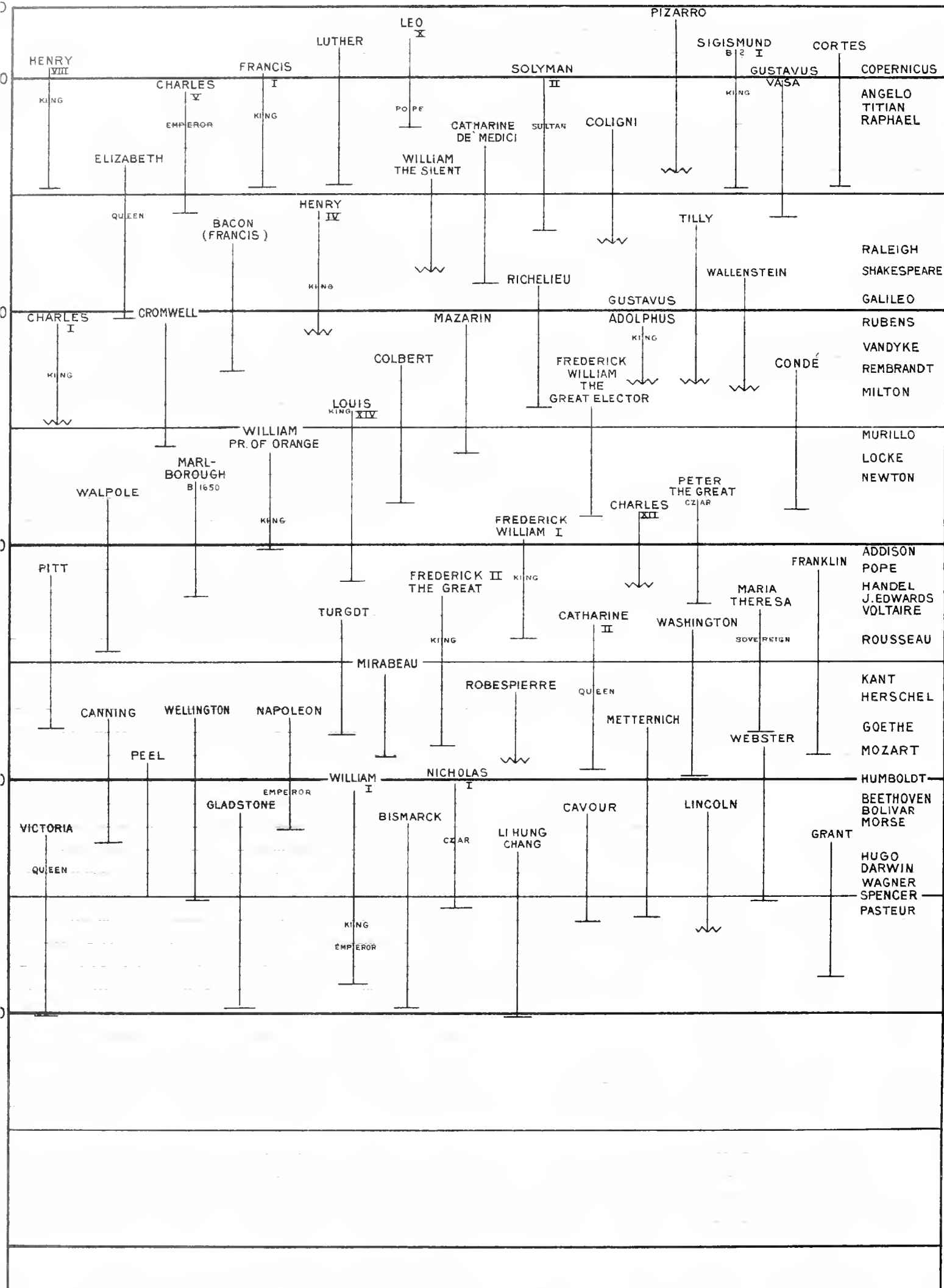
500



1000 — 1500 A. D.

- 1016-1042 Danish supremacy over England. [the East.
 1054 Separation of the Church of the West from the Church of
 1066 HASTINGS. Victory of William the Norman over Harold the
 1075 Struggle between Henry IV. and Pope Gregory. [Saxon.
 1076 Turks capture Jerusalem.
 1096-1272 Crusades.
 1099 Jerusalem besieged and taken by the Christians.
 1099-1187 Christian Kingdom of Jerusalem.
 1125 Venice in its glory. Makes offensive wars.
 1167 Lombard League (23 Italian Cities).
 1176 LEGNANO. Lombard League defeated Frederick Barbarossa.
 1183 Liberties of Italian cities secured.
 1187 Conquest of Acre and Jerusalem by Saladin.
 1189-1191 Acre besieged and taken by Richard and allies.
 1200 Papal dominion independent of the German emperors.
 1204 Overthrow of the Byzantine Empire. Establishment of the
 Latin Empire of Constantinople, which stood till 1261.
 1204 The Republic of Venice, one of the greatest commercial
 powers.
 1212 TOLOSA. Decisive victory of the Christians over the Moors.
 1213 MURET. Albigenses defeated by Simon de Montfort.
 1218-1232 Wars between Venice and Genoa. Also at latter dates.
 1219 Samarkand (the Athens of Asia) destroyed by Genghis Khan.
 1240 The Mongols, after overrunning Russia, advance into Central
 Europe.
 1241 WAHLSTATT NEAR LIEGNITZ. Victory of the Mongols over
 the Germans, but the Mongol advance into Europe was
 [checked].
 1250 Mamelukes govern Egypt till 1517.
 1258 Mongols besieged and sacked Bagdad.
 1280 First Mongol dynasty fully established in China.
 1291 Turks capture Acre from the Christians.
 1315 MORGARTEN. Swiss defeated the Austrians.
 1338-1453 Hundred Years' War. Series of wars between England
 1346 CRÉCY. Utter defeat of the French. [and France.
 1348-1351 Black Death throughout Europe. Millions perished.
 Reappeared in 1360, 1373, and 1382.
 1356 POITIERS. Victory of the English over the French.
 1361 Turks take Adrianople.
 1366 Tamerlane begins his conquests.
 1382 The Hanseatic League of over ninety cities in its zenith.
 Begun about 1250.
 1382-1434 Most flourishing period of the Florentine Republic.
 1386 SEMPACH. Victory of the Swiss over the Austrians.
 1398 Sack of Delhi by Tamerlane.
 1402 ANGORA. Tamerlane vanquished Bajazet.
 1407 Bank of Genoa established. Grew to be a great power.
 1415 AGINCOURT. Victory of Henry V. over the French.
 1419-1436 Hussite war.
 1420 Venice at zenith of her power.
 1429 Siege of Orleans. Joan of Arc's victory over the English.
 1453 Archduchy of Austria created.
 1453 Capture of Constantinople by the Turks.
 Fall of the Eastern Empire.
-
- 1477 NANCY. Overthrow of Charles the Bold by the Swiss.
 1479 Nearly the whole of Spain united in one monarchy.
 1480 Emancipation of Russia from the Mongol yoke.
 1482 Alhama, the key of Grenada, wrested from the Moors.
 1492 America discovered by Columbus.
 1495-1513 French invasions of Italy.
 1497 Vasco da Gama doubled the Cape of Good Hope. [Empire.
 1499 Swiss confederacy became virtually independent of the German

- CORDOVA, SPAIN. A great centre of commerce and learning.
 1014 Inundation on coast of England and the Netherlands.
 1015-1439 Building of Strasburg Cathedral.
 1016 Awful famine throughout Europe.
 1066 1217 ENGLAND AND FRANCE. First period of rivalry.
 1086 Domesday Book completed.
 1108 Flanders inundated by the sea.
 1118-1312 Order of Knights Templars.
 1122 Concordat of Worms. Contest about Investiture ended.
 1130 Foundation of the oldest universities.
 1154 Henry II. Plantagenet Dynasty in England till 1485.
 1157 Bank of Venice established.
 1163-1312 Building of Cathedral of Notre Dame, Paris.
 1170 All Saints' Flood in Holland.
 1193-1195 Famine in England and France which led to a fever.
 1200 Mining of coal in England on a large scale began.
 1200 The Papacy on the summit of its power.
 1209 Franciscan order founded.
 1215 Magna Charta signed by King John.
 1215 Dominican order founded.
 1215 Inquisition instituted by Innocent III.
 1240 The Golden Horde, planted on the Volga by the Mongols, were
 conquered by Tamerlane about 1400, and by Ivan III., 1480.
 1248-1880 Cologne Cathedral. 511 feet in height.
 1249 Oxford University placed on a stronger basis.
 1256-1273 Interregnum in Germany. Empire lost vigor. Confusion.
 1257 Cambridge University. First society of students.
 1268 Earthquake in Cilicia. 60,000 perish.
 1278 MARCHFELD. Rudolph vanquishes Ottocar of Bohemia.
 1283 Union of England and Wales.
 1292 Beginning of the Swiss Confederacy.
 1296 DUNBAR. Scots defeated by the English.
 1306-1342 Scotch War for Independence.
 1314 BANNOCKBURN. Edward II. defeated by Robert Bruce.
 1315 Dreadful famine in England.
 1346 Cannon used by the English at Crecy.
 1347 Rienzi. Tribune of Rome.
 1353 Famine in England and France.
 1354 GALLIPOLI. Seized by the Turks.
 1356 The Golden Bull of Germany for the election of Emperors.
 1378-1417 Great Schism in the Western or Roman Church.
 1381 Revolt of the peasants under Wat Tyler, which led to the
 abolition of villeinage.
 1397 Denmark, Norway and Sweden united under Queen Margaret.
 1401 Parliament passes act to burn the Lollards.
 1414-1418 Constance. Council of the Roman Catholic Church.
 1415 Burning of John Huss at Constance. [Unity restored.
 1421 Holland. Sea broke in. 100,000 drowned.
 1439 The beginning of standing armies.
 1450 Jack Cade's insurrection in England.
 1450 Gutenberg practiced the art of printing.
 1450 (about) Mazarin Bible.
 1455-1485 War of the Roses in England.
 1456 Earthquake at Naples. 40,000 perish.
 1477 Caxton prints the first book in England.
 1480 Inquisition established in Spain.
 1483 Great flood on the Severn river.
 1485 BOSWORTH FIELD. Richard III. defeated and slain.
 1485-1603 Tudor Dynasty in England.



1500 — 1900 A. D.

- 1513 FLODDEN FIELD. James IV. of Scotland overwhelmed by the English.
- 1517-1648 Era of the Reformation.
- 1519-1521 Conquest of Mexico by Cortes.
- 1521 Diet of Worms. Luther defended his position as a Reformer.
- 1525 PAVIA. French power in Italy shattered beyond repair.
- 1526 Ferdinand I. increases the possessions of Austria.
- 1529 First siege of Vienna by the Turks.
- 1530&1555 Diets of Augsburg. Religious peace concluded.
- 1531-1533 Conquest of Peru by Pizarro.
- 1545-1563 Council of Trent. It condemned the leading doctrines of the Reformation.
- 1555-6 Ridley, Latimer, Cranmer, and 300 other Protestants burned at the stake.
- 1562-1598 CIVIL (8) WARS IN FRANCE. Catholics and Huguenots.
- 1568-1648 War of Liberation in the Netherlands.
- 1571 LEPANTO. Decisive naval battle between the Turks and Christians.
- 1572 MASSACRE OF ST. BARTHOLOMEW. Coligni and thousands of Huguenots slain.
- 1573-1574 SIEGE OF LEYDEN. Dikes cut and Spaniards drowned.
- 1579 The Union of Utrecht. Foundation of the Dutch Republic.
- 1588 Defeat of the Spanish Armada by the English fleet.
- 1590 IVRY. Henry IV. of France defeats Catholic Leaguers.
- 1598 Edict of Nantes granting toleration to the Huguenots.
- 1618-1648 Thirty years' religious war in Central Europe.
 { 1631 LEIPSI. Adolphus victorious.
 { 1632 LUTZEN. Death of Adolphus.
 Germany's population decreased more than half.
- 1627-1628 Siege and capture of La Rochelle from the Huguenots by Richelieu.
- 1644 Manchu Tartars seize the sovereign power in China.
- 1644 MARSTON MOOR. Royalists defeated.
- 1648 Peace of Westphalia. Equal rights to the Protestants and Catholics, etc.
-
- 1652-3 England and Holland contend in naval battles.
- 1664 ST. GOTTHARD. Turks routed by the Christians.
- 1683 Second siege of Vienna by the Turks. Sobieski brought relief and gained a victory.
- 1685 Revocation of the Edict of Nantes. Migration of the Huguenots from France.
- 1688 The English Revolution. Parliament in control. William and Mary.
- 1689-1697 War of the "Grand Alliance" against France.
- 1690 BOYNE. William III. defeated James II.
- 1692 LA HOGUE. French fleet destroyed by the English and Dutch.
- 1700 NARVA. Sweden destroys the Russian Army.
- 1700-1721 Great Northern War in Europe. Alliance against Sweden.
- 1701-1714 War of the Spanish Succession.
- 1702-1713 Queen Anne's war against the French.
- 1704 BLENHEIM. French army almost destroyed by Marlborough.
- 1709 PULTOWA. Decisive triumph of Russia over Sweden.
- 1713 Peace of Utrecht } England gained Gibraltar, etc.
 } Austria gained possessions in Italy, etc.
- 1740-1748 War of the Austrian Succession. Prussia, France, etc., against Maria Theresa, etc.
- 1745 FONTENOY. French defeated the allies.
- 1756-1763 SEVEN YEARS' WAR. Against Frederick the Great, of Prussia, by allies.
- 1757-1784 War of the English in India. Great success of Lord Clive.
- 1759 QUEBEC. France lost her American Colonies.
- 1760 TORGAU. Complete rout of the Austrians by the Prussians under Frederick the Great.
- 1763 Peace of Paris. Prussia gained a place among the great powers.
- 1772, '92, '95 Partition of Poland, by Russia, Prussia and Austria.
- 1775-1783 WAR OF INDEPENDENCE. 1777 SARATOGA. 1781 YORKTOWN.
- 1782 Naval victories finally establish the maritime supremacy of England.
-
- 1789-1792 FRENCH REVOLUTION. 1793-4 REIGN OF TERROR. Guillotine active.
- 1792 VALMY. Prussians and Austrians defeated by the French.
- 1796-1815 Napoleonic Wars.
- 1796-1800 Napoleon's brilliant campaigns.
- 1798 BATTLE OF THE NILE. French army cut off from France.
- 1800 MARENGO. Victory of Napoleon over the Austrians.
- 1803 British authority supreme throughout India.
- 1803 Renewed War between England and France.
- 1805 TRAFALGAR. Great Naval victory of Nelson over the French and Spanish.
- 1805 AUSTERLITZ. Napoleon defeats the Austrians and Russians.
- 1806 BATTLE OF JENA. Victory of Napoleon over the Prussians.
- 1806 End of the German or Holy Roman Empire.
- 1808-1814 War between Napoleon and Great Britain in Spain and Portugal.
- 1809 WAGRAM. Decisive victory of Napoleon over the Austrians.
- 1810-1825 Spanish colonies in Mexico and South America won their Independence.
- 1812 BORODINO. Napoleon defeats the Russians.
- 1812 BURNING OF MOSCOW. Retreat of Napoleon with great loss.
- 1813 LUTZEN. Napoleon defeats the Russians and Prussians.
- 1813 LEIPSI. Napoleon's army overwhelmed by allied forces of Russia, Germany, and Austria.
- 1814-15 Congress of Vienna by the five great powers.
- 1815 WATERLOO. Napoleon crushed by Wellington.
- 1815 The Holy Alliance between Russia, Austria, and Prussia.
-
- 1821-1829 Greek Revolution. Resulted in Independence.
- 1827 NAVARINO. Destruction of the Turkish Egyptian fleet.
- 1830-1831 Revolutions in France, Belgium, etc.
- 1848-1849 Many Revolutions in Europe.
- 1854-1856 CRIMEAN WAR. Siege of Sebastopol by the English, French, etc.
- 1859 SOLFERINO. French and Sardinians defeat Austrians.
- 1861 BULL RUN. 1863 GETTYSBURG. 1865 RICHMOND SURRENDERED
- 1866 SADOWA. Defeat of the Austrians by the Prussians.
- 1870 SEDAN. Germans defeat the French.
- 1870 Italy has achieved its freedom and unity.
- 1877-8 TURCO-RUSSIAN WAR. Russians capture Plevna.
- 1878 Congress of Berlin.
- 1894 War between China and Japan.
- 1898 Czar of Russia proposes disarmament and a peace conference.
- 1898 War between the United States and Spain.
- 1899 Outbreak of War between England and the Boers.

1500 — 1900 A. D.

- 1506-1626 Building of St. Peter's Cathedral.
 1508 League of Cambray against Venice.
 1510 Albuquerque. Portuguese Viceroy of the Indies.
 1513 Ponce de Leon discovers Florida.
 1513 Balboa discovers the Pacific.
 1519-22 Magellan's voyage around the globe.
 1534 England separates from the Church of Rome.
 1534 Order of Jesuits founded by Loyola.
 1551 Turkish Empire at the zenith of its power.
 1565 Spaniards settle St. Augustine, Fla.
 1587 Mary Stuart, Queen of Scots, executed.
 1600 English-East India Company chartered.
 1603 The Stuarts in England till 1688.
 1607 Jamestown, Va., settled by the English.
 1608 Quebec. Settled by the French.
 1610 Moors expelled from Spain. Great Decay of Spain during this century.
 1614 First Dutch settlements in (now) New York.
 1619 Discovery of the circulation of the blood by Harvey.
 1620 Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers at Plymouth, Mass.
 1627-58 Taj Mahal. The most ornate Mausoleum in the world.
 1638 Harvard (Mass.) College founded.
 1640-53 Long Parliament in England.
 1642-45 Civil War. Between Parliament and Charles I.
 1649-60 Commonwealth and Protectorate under Cromwell.
 1675-1710 Building of St. Paul's Cathedral.
 1694 Bank of England established.
 1707 Union of England and Scotland as Great Britain.
 1711-20 South Sea Bubble in England.
 1717-20 Law's Bubble. Vast financial schemes.
 1721 Modern Cabinet system in England under Walpole.
 1754-63 French and Indian war. Connected with the seven years' war in Europe.
 1759 QUEBEC. Taken by the English. The French lose their American colonies.
 1769 Invention of the steam engine by Watt.
 1774-85 Warren Hastings. Governor General of India.
 1788 Coal and coke used in smelting iron.
 1793 Whitney invents the cotton-gin.
 1799 Rosetta Stone discovered in Egypt.
 1801 Legislative union of Great Britain and Ireland.
 1810 Napoleon at the height of his power. Germany humiliated.
 1819 The steamer Savannah crosses the Atlantic.
 1825 Erie Canal opened in New York State.
 1829 "Rocket." First practical locomotive built by Stephenson.
 1830 Belgium revolts from Holland and becomes a monarchy.
 1835 Rise of American Literature.
 1838 Steamship Great Western crosses the Atlantic.
 1844 First telegraph line opened in the U. S.
 1846 Ether introduced into surgical practice.
 1848 Discovery of gold in California.
 1851 Coup d'état of Louis Napoleon who was made Emperor [in 1852].
 1857-8 Sepoy Mutiny in India.
 1857-70 Mont Cenis tunnel. Eight miles long.
 1859-69 Construction of the Suez Canal.
 1866 The Great Eastern lays the Atlantic cable.
 1870 Fall of the French Empire. France again a Republic.
 1871 Re-establishment of the German Empire.
 1871 Treaty of Washington for arbitration.
 1877 Production of Bessemer rails in the U. S. is greater than that of iron rails.

The following partial list of disasters serves as a reminder that man (even with the greatest wealth) cannot withstand the elements or the laws of God.

- 1530 General inundation in Holland. 400,000 drowned.
 1531 Earthquake at Lisbon. 30,000 perish.
 1565 Famine throughout British Isles.
 1626 Earthquake at Naples. 70,000 perish.
 1656 Plague in Naples. 400,000 deaths. [perished.
 1665 Great plague in London. One-fifth of the population
 1666 Great fire in London. A blessing; purifying the city.
 1667 Earthquake at Schamaki. Lasted 3 months. 80,000 [perish.
 1693 Awful famine in France.
 1693 Earthquake in Sicily. 100,000 perish.
 1703 Earthquake at Jeddo, Japan. 200,000 perish.
 1703 Great storm in England. 80,000 drowned.
 1746 Earthquake. Lima and Callao demolished.
 1748 General famine in Britain.
 1755 Great earthquake and immense sea waves at Lisbon. 60,000 perish. This awful earthquake destroyed other cities and was felt for 5,000 miles.
 1771 Famine devastates Bengal.
 1771 Ripon Flood in Yorkshire.
 1783 Violent earthquake in Calabria. 40,000 perish.
 1787 Torrents from the mountains in Navarre.
 1789 Greivous famine in France—hastened the French [Revolution.
 1792 Plague in Egypt. 800,000 perish.
 1797 Earthquake in Central America. 40,000 perish.
 1801 Famine throughout Britain.
 1822 Coast of Chili permanently raised by an earthquake.
 1835 Great fire in New York City.
 1837-1838 Famine in North-west India. 800,000 perish.
 1838 Great fire in Charleston, S. C.
 1840 & 6 Awful inundations in France.
 1845 Two great fires in New York City.
 1846 Great famine in Ireland caused by failure of potato crop.
 1851 Two great fires in San Francisco, Cal.
 1865-1866 Famine in North-east India. 1,000,000 perish.
 1867-1868 Noted series of earthquakes, volcanic eruptions and great sea wave oscillations, culminating on the west coast of South America. Great losses.
 1868-1869 Famine in North-west India. 1,500,000 perish.
 1871. 1872 Great Fires. Chicago. Boston.
 1877 Famine on west coast of India. 500,000 perish.
 1877 Earthquake and tidal wave on west coast of South America near Callao.
 1877-1878 Famine in North China. 9,500,000 said to have perished.
 1881 Typhoon in China. 300,000 perish.
 1883 Java desolated by many volcanic eruptions and a tidal wave. Disturbances for thousands of miles.
 1883 Great floods in Europe.
 1884 Destructive series of tornadoes in Southern States, U. S. A.
 1886 Earthquake at Charleston, S. C. Shocks were felt over an area of 900,000 square miles.
 1887 Overflow of Yellow River. Millions said to have perished.
 1888 March. Blizzard on eastern coast of United States.
 1889 Disastrous flood at Johnstown, Penna.
 1889 & 90 Several tornadoes and destructive floods in U. S. A.
 1891 Great blizzard and disastrous floods in Europe.
 1893 Destructive tornadoes in Southern States, U. S. A.
 1900 Galveston, Texas, devastated by a storm.
 1902 Volcanic eruptions in the West Indies. St Pierre and people destroyed. Ocean bed sunk to a great depth.

F A M O U S C H A R A C T E R S

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED

The following list contains not only all the names on the preceding charts, but also the names of many other history makers of the world.

This is far from being a complete list of noted persons, (there are ten times as many names in Chamber's Biographical Dictionary) but there will be found here the characters most frequently sought for. These can be more readily found in this selected list than in a cyclopedia where there are many similar names.

As a general rule: a date, dash, and another date, follow the name. The date before the " - " is the date of birth, and the date after the " - " is the date of death. All dates are A. D. unless stated as B. C.

The uncertainty of some dates is indicated by "about" or "?". The reader should not infer from this that he can implicitly rely on the accuracy of all the other dates. But little dependence can be placed on dates prior to about 700 B. C., and still less on those before about 1300 B. C. As an example of the confusion existing in recorded dates: Solomon is given in this list as 1033-975 B. C., King 1015. Modern works give his reign as 993-953 B. C., a discrepancy of 22 years. Though the latter dates may be more reliable, the former are used so as to have more relative correctness with the other characters of the same period.

Some of the discrepancies that may appear between the charts and the printed dates are due to the data being taken from different sources.

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

| | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| AARON | 1571-1451 B.C. | High priest of the Jews |
| A. BECKET, Thomas | | See Becket |
| ABELARD, Pierre | 1079-1142 | French theologian |
| ABERNETHY, John | 1764-1831 | English surgeon |
| ABRAHAM | 1996-1822 B.C. | Father of the Hebrews |
| ABSALEM | 11th cent. B.C. | Son of David |
| ADAMS, John | 1735-1826 | President of the United States, 1797 |
| ADDISON, Joseph | 1672-1719 | English author |
| ÆSCHYLUS | 525-456 B.C. | Greek tragic writer |
| ÆSOP | 620-564 B.C. | Greek fabulist |
| AGASSIZ, Louis | 1807-1873 | Swiss-American, Naturalist |
| AGRICOLA, C. Julius | 37-93 | Roman general in Britain |
| AHAB | | King of Israel, about 875 B.C. |
| ALARIC | 410 | King of the Visigoths |
| ALBUQUERQUE | 1483-1515 | Portuguese, Viceroy of the Indies |
| ALCIBIADES | 450-404 B.C. | Athenian general |
| ALEXANDER THE GREAT | 356-323 B.C. | Macedonian conqueror, 336 B.C. |
| ALEXANDER VI. | 1431-1503 | Pope, 1492 |
| ALEXANDER I. | 1777-1825 | Czar of Russia, 1801 |
| ALEXANDER II. | 1818-1881 | Czar of Russia, 1855 |
| ALEXANDER III. | 1845-1894 | Czar of Russia, 1881 |
| ALEXIS | 1629-1676 | Czar of Russia, 1645 |
| ALFONSO X. (the Wise) | 1221-1284 | King of Castile and Leon, 1252 |
| ALFRED THE GREAT | 849-901 | King of England, 871 |
| ALI | 661 | Arabian, Caliph, 656 |
| ALISON, Archibald | 1757-1839 | Scotch, Historian |
| ALVA, Duke of | 1508-1583 | Spanish, Governor of the Netherlands, 1567 |
| AMBROSE, Saint | 340-397 | Bishop of Milan |
| ANAXAGORAS | 500-428 B.C. | Ionic philosopher |
| ANGELICO, Fra | 1387-1455 | Tuscan, Friar painter |
| ANGELO | | See Michael Angelo |
| ANNE | 1661-1714 | Queen of England, 1702 |
| ANNE BOLEYN | | See Boleyn |
| ANSELM, Saint | 1033-1109 | Archbishop of Canterbury |
| ANTHONY, Saint | 251-356 | Egyptian, Father of Monachism |
| ANTIGONUS | 382-301 B.C. | King in Asia |
| ANTIOCHUS THE GREAT | 242-187 B.C. | King of Syria, 223 B.C. |
| ATONINUS PIUS | 86-161 | Roman emperor, 138 |
| ANTONY, Mark | 83-30 B.C. | Roman triumvir |
| APELLES | | Ephesus, Celebrated painter, 325 [B.C.] |

| | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| AQUINAS, St. Thomas | 1225-1274 | Italian theologian |
| ARAGO, D. Francois | 1786-1853 | French physicist |
| ARCHIMEDES | 287-212 B.C. | Syracusan mathematician |
| ARICSTO, Ludovico | 1474-1533 | Italian poet |
| ARISTARCHUS OF SAMOS | | Alexandrian astronomer, 280 B.C. |
| ARISTIDES THE JUST | -468 B.C. | Athenian statesman |
| ARISTOTLE | 384-322 B.C. | Greek philosopher |
| ARIUS | 260-336 | Egyptian, Founder of Arianism |
| ARKWRIGHT, Sir Richard | 1732-1792 | English, Inventor [9 A.D.] |
| ARMINIUS-HERMANN | 16 B.C.-19 A.D. | German, Vanquished the Romans, |
| ARMOUR, Philip D. | 1832-1901 | American, Meat packing industry |
| ARNOLD, Thomas | 1795-1842 | English, Head Master of Rugby |
| ARNOLD OF WINKELRIED | -1186 | Swiss patriot |
| ARTAXERXES I. | | King of Persia, 465-425 B.C. |
| ARTHUR, --King-- | -520 | British chieftain |
| ASPASIA | About 400 B.C. | Greek, Renowned for her talents |
| ASTOR, John Jacob | 1763-1848 | German-American, Merchant |
| ATHANASIUS | 300-373 | Patriarch of Alexandria |
| ATTILA | 406-453 | King of the Huns |
| AUDUBON, John James | 1780-1851 | American naturalist |
| AUGUSTINE, Saint | 354-430 | Latin father of the Church |
| AUGUSTUS (OCTAVIUS) | 63 B.C.-14 A.D. | Master of the Roman world, 31 B.C. |
| AURELIAN | 212-275 | Roman emperor, 270 |
| AURELIUS, Marcus | 121-180 | Roman emperor, 161 |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|---------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------|----------------|---|
| BABBAGE, Charles | 1792-1871 | English mathematician and inventor | BONIFACE VIII. | -1303 | Pope, 1294 |
| BACH, J. Sebastian | 1685-1750 | German musician | BONIFACE, Saint | 680-755 | "Apostle of Germany" |
| BACON, Sir Francis | 1561-1626 | English philosopher, etc. | BOONE, Daniel | 1735-1820 | American pioneer in Kentucky |
| BACON, Roger | 1214-1294 | English monk and philosopher | BOSSUET, Jacques B. | 1627-1704 | French prelate |
| BAJAZET I. | 1347-1403 | Turkish sultan, 1389 | BOZZARIS, Marcos | 1790-1823 | Greek revolutionary leader |
| BALBOA | 1475-1517 | Spanish adventurer | BRAHE, Tycho | 1546-1601 | Swede. Astronomer |
| BALIOL, Edward | -1363 | King of Scotland, 1332 | BRENNUS | | Leader of the Gauls against Rome [about 388 B.C.] |
| BANCROFT, George | 1800-1891 | American historian | BRIGHT, John | 1811-1889 | English statesman |
| BARNUM, P. T. | 1810-1891 | American showman | BRONTE, Charlotte | 1816-1855 | English novelist |
| BASIL (the Great) | 329-379 | Greek father of the Church | BROUGHAM, Lord | 1778-1868 | Scotch. Law reformer, etc. |
| BAYARD, Chevalier de | 1475-1521 | French soldier | BROWN, John | 1800-1859 | American abolitionist and leader |
| BEACONSFIELD, Earl of | 1804-1881 | English. Statesman and novelist | BROWNING, Elizabeth B. | 1806-1861 | English poetess |
| BECKET, Thomas | 1117-1170 | English. Archbishop of Canter- bury | BROWNING, Robert | 1812-1889 | English poet |
| BEDE, The Venerable | 672-735 | Saxon historian | BRUCE, Robert | 1274-1329 | King of Scotland, 1306 |
| BEECHER, Henry Ward | 1813-1887 | American clergyman | BRUNEL, Sir Marc | 1769-1849 | French. English engineer |
| BEETHOVEN, Ludwig van | 1770-1827 | German composer | BRUTUS, Lucius J. | | Reputed leader of the Romans against Tarquin about 510 B.C. |
| BELISARIUS | 505-565 | Byzantine general | BRUTUS, Marcus J. | 85-42 B.C. | Roman. One of Caesar's assassins |
| BELL, A. G. | 1817- | Scotch. Telephone in U. S. | BRYANT, William C. | 1794-1878 | American. Poet and journalist |
| BELLINI, Vincenzo | 1802-1835 | Italian composer | BUCKINGHAM, Duke of | 1592-1628 | English. Virtual ruler |
| BELSHAZZAR | -538 B.C. | Last king of Babylonia [achism] | BUDDHA | 6th cent. B.C. | India. Founder of Buddhism |
| BENEDICT, Saint | 480-543 | Italian. Founder of Western Mon- | BUFFON, Comte de | 1707-1788 | French naturalist |
| BENNETT, Jas. G. | 1795-1872 | Scotch. Founder of N. Y. Herald | BUNYAN, John | 1628-1688 | English author |
| BENTHAM, Jeremy | 1748-1832 | English jurist | BURKE, Edmund | 1729-1797 | Irish. English statesman |
| BENTON, Thomas H. | 1752-1858 | American statesman | BURLEIGH, Lord | 1529-1598 | English statesman |
| BERANGER, Pierre J. de | 1780-1857 | French song writer | BURNS, Robert | 1759-1796 | Scottish poet |
| BERKELEY, George | 1684-1753 | Irish philosopher | BURRITT, Elihu | 1811-1870 | American. Learned blacksmith |
| BERNARD, Saint | 1091-1153 | French ecclesiastic | BURTON, Sir Richard F. | 1821-1890 | English. Explorer and writer |
| BESSEMER, Sir Henry | 1813-1898 | English inventor | BYRON, George G. | 1788-1824 | English poet |
| BIDDLE, Nicholas | 1786-1844 | American financier | | | |
| BISMARCK, Prince von | 1815-1898 | Prussian statesman | | | |
| BLACKSTONE, Sir William | 1723-1780 | English jurist | | | |
| BLAINE, James G. | 1839-1893 | American statesman | | | |
| BLÜCHER, Von | 1742-1819 | Prussian general | | | |
| BOCCACCIO, Giovanni | 1313-1375 | Italian author | | | |
| BOLEYN, Anne | 1507-1536 | Second wife of Henry VIII. | | | |
| BOLINGBROKE, H. St. John | 1678-1751 | English statesman | | | |
| BOLIVAR, Simon | 1783-1830 | Liberator of South America | | | |
| BONAPARTE, Louis Napoleon | 1808-1873 | Emperor of the French, 1852 | | | |
| BONAPARTE, Napoleon | 1768-1821 | French. General. Emperor, 1804 | | | |
| BONHEUR, Rosa | 1822-1899 | French. Animal painter | | | |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|---------------------|--------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| CABOT, John | | Discovered the main-land of America for the English, 1497 | CHAUCER, Geoffrey | 1340-1400 | English poet |
| CABOT, Sebastian | 1476-1557 | | Venetians. | CHESTERFIELD, Earl of | 1694-1773 |
| CADE, Jack | 1150 | Irish. English insurgent | CHEVALIER, Michel | 1806-1879 | French economist |
| CÆSAR, Julius | 100-44 B.C. | Roman conqueror, historian, etc. | CHOPIN, Frederic | 1809-1849 | Polish. Composer |
| CALHOUN, John C. | 1782-1850 | American statesman | CHING WANG | | Emperor, 246 B.C. He expelled the [Mongols, etc. |
| CALIGULA | 12-41 | Roman emperor, 37 | CHRIST | 4 B.C.-29 A.D. | |
| CALVIN, John | 1509-1564 | French. Protestant reformer | CHOW DYNASTY | 1123 B.C. | |
| CAMBYSES | 522 B.C. | King of Medes and Persians, 529 B.C. | CHRYSOSTOM, Saint | 347-407 | Patriarch of Constantinople |
| CAMILLUS, M. F. | 446-365 B.C. | Roman. Hero | CICERO, Marcus T. | 106-43 B.C. | Roman orator |
| CANNING, George | 1779-1827 | English statesman | CID, The | 1040-1099 | Spanish hero |
| CANOVA, Antonio | 1757-1822 | Italian sculptor | CINCINNATUS | 5th cent. B.C. | Roman dictator |
| CANUTE | 994-1035 | King of Denmark, Norway, and [England, 1016 | CLAY, Henry | 1777-1852 | American statesman |
| CARLYLE, Thos. | 1795-1881 | Scotch. Author | CLEISTHENES | | Athenian statesman, about 510 B.C. |
| CARNEGIE, Andrew | 1835- | Scotch. Am. steel manufacturer | CLEMENT OF ALEXANDRIA | -215 | Greek father of the Church |
| CARNOT, N. M. | 1753-1823 | French strategist and revolutionist | CLEOPATRA | 69-30 B.C. | Queen of Egypt |
| CARSON, "Kil" | 1809-1868 | American guide [Hoon. | CLEVELAND, Grover | 1837- | American. President of U. S., 1885 |
| CARTWRIGHT, Edmund | 1743-1823 | English. Inventor of the power [loom. | CLINTON, De Witt | 1769-1828 | Governor of New York |
| CASSIUS, Caius | -42 B.C. | Roman. Conspirator against Caesar | CLINTON, George | 1739-1812 | American. Statesman |
| CATHARINE II. | 1729-1796 | Empress of Russia, 1762 | CLIVE, Lord | 1725-1774 | English general in India |
| CATHARINE DE MEDICI | 1519-1589 | Queen of France, 1532 | CLOVIS | -511 | King of the Franks, 481 |
| CATHARINE OF ARAGON | 1485-1536 | First wife of Henry VIII. | COBDEN, Richard | 1804-1865 | English statesman. Free trade |
| CATILINE | 108-62 B.C. | Roman conspirator | COKE, Sir Edward | 1552-1633 | English jurist |
| CATO, (the elder) | 234-149 B.C. | Roman statesman | COLBERT | 1619-1683 | French. Minister of Louis XIV. |
| CATO, (the younger) | 95-46 B.C. | Roman statesman | COLBURN, Zerah | 1804-1840 | American arithmetical prodigy |
| CAVENDISH, Henry | 1731-1810 | English. Natural philosopher | COLERIDGE, Samuel T. | 1772-1834 | English poet |
| CAVOUR, Count | 1810-1861 | Restorer of Italian nationality | COLIGNI | 1517-1572 | French Admiral. Huguenot leader |
| CAXTON, William | 1422-1491 | First English printer | COLUMBUS, Christopher | 1417-1506 | Italian. Discoverer of America for [Spain |
| CECIL, William | | English. See Lord Burleigh | COMTE, Auguste | 1798-1857 | French philosopher |
| CERVANTES | 1517-1616 | Spanish author [800 | CONDÉ | 1621-1686 | French general |
| CHARLEMAGNE | 742-814 | King of the Franks, 768. Emperor | CONFUCIUS | About 500 B.C. | Chinese philosopher |
| CHARLES I. | 1600-1649 | King of England and Scotland, 1625 | CONRAD I. | -918 | King of Germany, 911 |
| CHARLES II. | 1630-1685 | King of England and Scotland, 1660 | CONSTANTINE THE GREAT | 274-337 | Roman emperor, 323 |
| CHARLES THE BALD | 823-877 | King of the western Franks, 840 | COOK, James | 1728-1779 | English navigator |
| CHARLES VII. | 1403-1461 | King of France, 1422 | COOPER, James F. | 1789-1851 | American novelist |
| CHARLES V. | 1500-1558 | Emperor of Germany, 1520 | COOPER, Peter | 1791-1883 | American philanthropist |
| CHARLES XII. | 1682-1718 | King of Sweden, 1697 | COPERNICUS | 1473-1543 | Pole. Astronomer |
| CHARLES THE BOLD | 1433-1477 | Duke of Burgundy | CORDAY, Charlotte | 1768-1793 | French. Assassin of Marat |
| CHARLES MARTEL | 690-741 | Ruler of the Franks | CORIOLANUS | | Hero of Roman legend, 500 B.C. |
| CHASE, Salmon P. | 1808-1873 | American. Statesman, etc. | CORNELIA | About 200 B.C. | Roman matron |
| CHATHAM, Earl of | | See William Pitt | CORREGGIO | 1494-1534 | Italian painter |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|------------------------------|--------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| CORTES, Hernando | 1485-1547 | Spanish. Conqueror of Mexico | DEMOCRITUS | 465 B.C.- | Greek. Philosopher |
| CRABBE, George | 1754-1832 | English poet | DEMOSTHENES | -413 B.C. | Athenian general |
| CRANMER, Thomas | 1489-1556 | English reformer | DEMOSTHENES | 384-322 B.C. | Athenian orator |
| CRASSUS, Marcus L. | 114-53 B.C. | Roman triumvir | DE QUINCEY, Thos. | 1785-1859 | English. Writer |
| CRICHTON, James | 1560-1586 | Scotch genius. "The admirable" | DERBY, Earl of | 1799-1869 | English. Premier, 1852 |
| CRISPIN, Saint | -287 | Roman. Shoemaker | DE RUYTER | | See Ruyter |
| CRÆSUS | | King of Lydia, 560 B.C. | DESCARTES, René | 1596-1650 | French. Modern philosophy |
| CROMWELL, Oliver | 1599-1658 | English. Puritan. Protector | DE SOTO, Hernando | 1496-1542 | Spanish. Discoverer of the Mis- [issippi |
| CUVIER | 1769-1832 | French naturalist | DE STAEL | | See Stael, Mme. De |
| CYAXARES | -584 B.C. | King of Media | DICKENS, Charles | 1812-1870 | English novelist |
| CYPRIAN, Saint | 200-258 | Bishop of Carthage | DIOCLETIAN | 215-313 | Roman emperor, 284 |
| CYRUS THE GREAT | -529 B.C. | King of Persia, 559 B.C. | DIODORUS SICULUS | 1st cent. B.C. | Greek historian |
| CYRUS | 424-401 B.C. | Persian general | DIODENES | 412-323 B.C. | Greek philosopher |
| | | | DIONYSIUS, (the Elder) | 431-367 B.C. | Tyrant of Syracuse, 405 B.C. |
| | | | DIONYSIUS of Halicarnassus | End of 1st cent. B.C. | Greek historian |
| | | | DISRAELI, Benjamin | | See Beaconsfield |
| | | | DOMITIAN | 51-96 | Roman emperor, 81 |
| | | | DORE, Gustave | 1833-1883 | French artist |
| | | | DOUGLAS, Sir James | 1286-1331 | Scotch. Great captain of Bruce |
| | | | DOUGLAS, Stephen A. | 1813-1861 | American politician |
| | | | DOUGLASS, Fred | 1817-1895 | Slave. American orator |
| | | | DRACO | | Athenian legislator, 621 B.C. |
| | | | DRAKE, Sir Francis | 1540-1595 | English naval commander |
| | | | DREW, Daniel | 1788-1879 | American. Capitalist |
| | | | DRUSUS, Nero Claudius | 39-9 B.C. | Roman general |
| | | | DRYDEN, John | 1631-1700 | English poet |
| | | | DUNSTAN, Saint | 925-988 | English. Archbishop of Canterbury |
| | | | DÜRER, Albrecht. | 1471-1528 | German engraver, etc. |
| DAGUERRE, Louis J. M. | 1789-1851 | French. Inventor of photography | | | |
| DALTON, John | 1766-1844 | English chemist | | | |
| DANIEL | | Hebrew. Prophecies 603-536 B.C. | | | |
| DANTE | 1265-1321 | Florentine poet | | | |
| DARIUS I. (Hystaspis) | -486 B.C. | King of Persia, 521 B.C. | | | |
| DARWIN, Charles R. | 1809-1882 | English naturalist | | | |
| DAVID | -1015 B.C. | King of Israel, 1055 B.C. | | | |
| DAVIS, Jefferson | 1808-1889 | American. President of the Confed- [erate States | | | |
| DAVY, Sir Humphrey | 1778-1829 | English chemist | | | |
| DEFOE, Daniel | 1660-1731 | English author | | | |
| DE LESSEPS | | See Leßeps | | | |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|
| EDISON, Thomas Alva | 1847- | American inventor | FABIUS, Maximus V. | -203 B.C. | Roman general |
| EDMUND II. | 989-1016 | King of England, 1016 | FARADAY, Michael | 1791-1867 | English physicist |
| EDWARD, (the Elder) | 870-925 | King of England, 901 | FARRAGUT, David G. | 1801-1870 | American admiral |
| EDWARD THE CONFESSOR | 1004-1066 | King of England, 1012 | FAWKES, Guy | 1570-1606 | English conspirator |
| EDWARD I. | 1239-1307 | King of England, 1272 | FERDINAND I. | -1065 | King of Castile, 1033, & Leon, 1037 |
| EDWARD II. | 1284-1327 | King of England, 1307 | FERDINAND V. | 1452-1516 | King of Spain |
| EDWARD III. | 1312-1377 | King of England, 1327 | FERRY, Jules | 1832-1893 | French statesman |
| EDWARD IV. | 1441-1483 | King of England, 1461 | FIELD, Cyrus W. | 1819-1892 | American. Atlantic Ocean cable |
| EDWARD, the Black Prince | 1339-1376 | English. Prince of Wales | FIELD, David D. | 1805-1894 | American. Jurist |
| EDWARDS, Jonathan | 1703-1758 | American theologian | FIELD, Marshall | 1835- | American. Merchant |
| EGBERT | -837 | King of England, 829 | FIELDING, Henry | 1707-1754 | English novelist |
| ELI | -1116 B.C. | Judge of Israel, 1157-1117 B.C. | FOUCAULT, Leon | 1819-1868 | French physicist |
| ELIJAH | | Hebrew prophet, 907 B.C. | FOURIER, Charles | 1772-1837 | French. Socialist |
| ELISHA | -838 B.C. | Hebrew prophet | FOX, Charles James | 1749-1806 | English statesman |
| ELIZABETH | 1533-1603 | Queen of England, 1558 | FOX, George | 1624-1690 | English. Founder of "Friends and [Quakers]" |
| EMANUEL | 1169-1521 | King of Portugal, 1495 | FRANCIS I. | 1494-1547 | King of France, 1515 |
| EMERSON, Ralph Waldo | 1803-1882 | American philosophical writer | FRANCIS JOSEPH | 1830- | Emperor of Austria, 1848 |
| EMMET, Robert | 1789-1803 | Irish revolutionist | FRANCIS OF ASSISI | 1182-1226 | Founder of the order of Franciscans |
| EPAMINONDAS | 418-362 B.C. | Theban general | FRANCIS XAVIER | | See Xavier |
| EPICTETUS | 1st cent. | Phrygia. Stoic philosopher | FRANKLIN, Benjamin | 1706-1790 | American philosopher |
| EPICURUS | 342-270 B.C. | Greek philosopher | FRANKLIN, Sir John | 1786-1847 | English Arctic explorer |
| ERASMUS, Desiderius | 1467-1536 | Dutch scholar | FREDERICK I. (Barbarossa) | 1121-1196 | Emperor of Germany, 1152 |
| ERICSSON, John | 1803-1889 | Swedish-American. Engineer | FREDERICK II. | 1194-1250 | Emperor of Germany, 1215 |
| ERIGENA, John Scotus | 9th cent. | Irish. Philosopher | FREDERICK IV. or III. | 1415-1493 | Emperor of Germany, 1440 |
| ERSKINE, Thos. (Lord) | 1759-1823 | Scotch. English advocate, etc. | FREDERICK THE GREAT | 1712-1786 | King of Prussia, 1740 |
| ESSEX, Earl of | 1567-1601 | English general | FREDERICK WILLIAM | 1620-1688 | Elector of Brandenburg, 1646 |
| ETHELBERT | -616 | King of Kent, 565 | FREDERICK WILLIAM I. | 1688-1713 | King of Prussia, 1713 |
| EUCLID | | Greek geometer, 300 B.C. | FROBISHER, Sir Martin | -1594 | English navigator |
| EURIPIDES | 480-406 B.C. | Greek poet | FROEBEL, Friedrich | 1782-1852 | German. Originator of the Kindergarten |
| EVANS, Marian "George Eliot" | 1820-1880 | English novelist | FROISSART, Jean | 1337-1410 (1419) | French chronicler |
| EVERETT, Edward | 1794-1865 | American statesman and orator | FULTON, Robert | 1765-1815 | American engineer |
| EZEKIEL | 600 B.C.- | Hebrew prophet | | | |
| EZRA | 5th cent. B.C. | Hebrew priest, ruler, etc. | | | |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| GALEN | 130-200 | Greek medical writer | GUISE, Claude de L., Duke | 1496-1550 | French general |
| GALILEO | 1564-1642 | Italian astronomer | GUIZOT | 1787-1874 | French statesman and historian |
| GALLATIN, Albert | 1761-1849 | Swiss-Am. [man] Financier and states- | GUSTAVUS VASA | 1496-1560 | King of Sweden, 1523 |
| GAMA, Vasco da | -1524 | Portuguese navigator | GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS | 1594-1632 | King of Sweden, 1611 |
| GARIBALDI, Giuseppe | 1807-1882 | Italian patriot | GUTENBERG, Johann | 1397-1468 | German. Reputed inventor of [printing |
| GARRICK, David | 1716-1779 | English actor | GUY FAWKES | | See Fawkes |
| GARRISON, William Lloyd | 1805-1879 | American abolitionist | | | |
| GATES, John W. | 1855- | American. Speculator | | | |
| GENEVÈVE | 422-512 | Patron saint of Paris | | | |
| GENGHIS KHAN | -1227 | Mongol conqueror | | | |
| GENSERIC | -477 | King of Vandals | | | |
| GEORGE III. | 1738-1820 | King of England, 1760 | | | |
| GERMANICUS CÆSAR | 15 B.C.-19 A.D. | Roman general | | | |
| GIBBON, Edward | 1737-1794 | English historian | | | |
| GIDEON | | Judge in Israel, 1249-1209 B.C. | | | |
| GIOTTO | 1276-1337 | Florentine painter | HADRIAN | 76-138 | Roman emperor, 117 |
| GIRARD, Stephen | 1750-1831 | French-American philanthropist | HALE, Sir Matthew | 1609-1676 | English jurist |
| GIRARDIN, Emile de | 1804-1881 | Swiss-French journalist | HAMILCAR BARCA | -229 B.C. | Carthaginian general |
| GLADSTONE, William E. | 1809-1898 | English statesman and orator | HAMILTON, Alexander | 1757-1804 | American statesman |
| GLUCK, C. W. | 1714-1787 | German composer | HAN DYNASTY | 206 B.C.- | Brilliant period of Chinese history |
| GODFREY OF BOUILLON | 1061-1100 | Belgium. A leader in the first [crusade | HANCOCK, John | 1737-1793 | American statesman |
| GODWIN, Mary W. | 1759-1797 | English. Women's Rights | HANDEL | 1685-1759 | German composer |
| GOETHE | 1749-1832 | German poet | HANNA, Marcus A. | 1837- | American. Mining and politics |
| GOLDSMITH, Oliver | 1728-1774 | Irish. Author | HANNIBAL | 247-183 B.C. | Carthaginian general |
| GORDON, Chas. George | 1833-1885 | English. General and governor | HANNO -(the Great) | 3d cent. B.C. | Carthaginian general |
| GORTSCHAKOFF, Alexander | 1798-1883 | Chancellor of the Russian Empire | HAROLD II. | -1066 | Last Anglo-Saxon king of England, [1066 |
| GOULD, Jay | 1836-1892 | American. Railroad manipulator | HAROUN AL-RASCHID | -809 | Caliph of Bagdad, 786 |
| GRACCHUS, Caius | -121 B.C. | Roman tribune | HARVEY, William | 1578-1657 | English physiologist |
| GRACCHUS, Tiberius | -133 B.C. | Roman tribune | HASDRUBAL | -207 B.C. | Carthaginian general |
| GRANT, Ulysses S. | 1822-1885 | Pres't of the U. S., 1869 | HASTINGS, Warren | 1732-1818 | Governor-general of India, 1771 |
| GRAY, Thomas | 1716-1771 | English poet | HATASU | 17th cent. B.C. | Egyptian queen |
| GREELEY, Horace | 1811-1872 | American journalist | HAWKINS, Sir John | 1532-1595 | English naval commander |
| GREGORY I.-(The Great) | -604 | Pope, 590 | HAWTHORNE, Nathaniel | 1804-1864 | American novelist |
| GREGORY VII.-(Hildebrand) | -1085 | Pope, 1073 | HAYDN, Joseph | 1732-1809 | Austrian composer |
| GREY, Lady Jane | 1537-1554 | Proclaimed queen of England, 1553 | HEGEL, G. W. F. | 1770-1831 | German philosopher |
| GRIMM, Jacob | 1785-1863 | German. Philologist | HEINE, Heinrich | 1799-1856 | German. Poet and revolutionist |
| GROTE, George | 1794-1871 | English historian | HENRY I. | 1068-1135 | King of England, 1100 |
| GROTIUS, Hugo | 1583-1645 | Dutch. Jurist, etc. | HENRY II. | 1133-1189 | King of England, 1154 |
| GUIDO RENI | 1575-1642 | Italian painter | HENRY IV. | 1566-1613 | King of England, 1599 |
| GUISE, Charles de L. | 1525-1574 | French statesman | HENRY V. | 1388-1422 | King of England, 1413 |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| HENRY VII. | 1456-1509 | King of England, 1485 | HUSS, John | 1369-1415 | Bohemian religious reformer |
| HENRY VIII. | 1491-1547 | King of England, 1509 | HUTCHINSON, Benj. P. | 1829-1899 | American. Grain speculator |
| HENRY OF NAVARRE | 1553-1610 | King of France, 1589 | HUXLEY, Thos. H. | 1825-1895 | English biologist |
| HENRY I. | -936 | King of Germany, 919 | HUYGENS, Christian | 1629-1695 | Dutch physicist |
| HENRY IV. | 1050-1106 | King of Germany, 1056 | HYPATIA | -415 | Alexandria. Learned teacher |
| HENRY THE NAVIGATOR | 1394-1460 | Son of John I. of Portugal | | | |
| HENRY, Joseph | 1797-1878 | American physicist | | | |
| HENRY, Patrick | 1736-1799 | American. Patriot and orator | | | |
| HERACLIUS | -641 | Byzantine emperor, 610 | | | |
| HERO | 3d cent. B.C. | Alexandria. Mathematician | | | |
| HEROD THE GREAT | -4 B.C. | King of Judea, 40 B.C. | | | |
| HEROD AGRIPPA I. | -41 | King of Judea, 37 | | | |
| HERODOTUS | 484 B.C.- | Greek historian | | | |
| HERSCHEL, Sir William | 1738-1822 | English astronomer | | | |
| HILDEBRAND | | See Gregory VII. | | | |
| HILL, James J. | 1838- | Canadian-American. R. R. builder | INNOCENT I. | -417 | Bishop of Rome, 402 |
| HIPPARCHUS | 2d cent. B.C. | Bithynia. Greek astronomer | INNOCENT III. | -1216 | Pope, 1198 |
| HIPPOCRATES | 460-360 B.C. | Greek physician | INNOCENT XI. | 1611-1689 | Pope, 1676 |
| HIRAM | | King of Tyre, about 1000 B.C. | IRVING, Washington | 1783-1859 | American author |
| HOBBS, Thos. | 1588-1679 | English philosopher | ISAAC | 1896-1715 B.C. | Patriarch |
| HOGARTH, William | 1697-1764 | English artist | ISABELLA | 1451-1504 | Queen of Spain, 1479 |
| HOLMES, Oliver Wendell | 1809-1891 | American humorous writer | ISAIAH | 8th cent. B.C. | Hebrew prophet |
| HOMER | 9th or 10 cent. B.C. | Greek poet | IVAN THE GREAT | -1505 | Ruler of Russia, 1462 |
| HOOD, Thomas | 1798-1845 | English poet | IVAN THE TERRIBLE | 1531-1584 | Czar of Russia |
| HOOK, T. E. | 1788-1841 | English author and wit | | | |
| HOOKER, Richard | 1553-1600 | English divine | | | |
| HORACE | 65-8 B.C. | Latin poet | | | |
| HORTENSIUS, Quintus | 114-59 B.C. | Roman orator | | | |
| HOSEA | 8th cent. B.C. | Hebrew prophet | | | |
| HOUDIN, Robert | 1805-1871 | French conjurer | JACK CADE | | See Cade |
| HOUSTON, Sam | 1793-1863 | American. Texan liberator | JACKSON, Andrew | 1767-1845 | Pres't of the U. S., 1829 |
| HOWARD, John | 1726-1790 | English. Prison reformer | JACKSON, "Stonewall" | 1824-1863 | American. Confederate general |
| HUDSON, Henry | -1611 | English. Navigator | JACOB | 1837-1689 B.C. | Patriarch |
| HUGH CAPET | -996 | King of France, 987 | JACQUARD, J. M. | 1752-1834 | French. Loom |
| HUGHES, John | 1797-1864 | Irish. Archbishop of New York | JAMES I.—(Stuart) | 1394-1437 | King of Scotland, 1406 |
| HUGO, Victor | 1802-1885 | French poet and novelist | JAMES IV. | 1472-1513 | King of Scotland, 1488 |
| HUMBOLDT | 1769-1859 | German traveler and scientist | JAMES VI. and I. | 1566-1625 | King of Scotland and England, 1603 |
| HUNTER, John | 1728-1793 | Scotch. English surgeon | JAMES II. | 1633-1701 | King of England and Scotland, 1685 |
| HUME, David | 1711-1776 | Scottish philosopher | JEFFERSON, Thomas | 1743-1826 | Pres't of the U. S., 1801 |
| HUNTINGTON, Collis P. | 1821-1900 | American. R. R. builder and man- [ipulator] | JEFFREYS, George | 1648-1689 | English judge |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| JENNER, Edward | 1749-1823 | English. Originator of vaccination | KANT, Immanuel | 1724-1801 | German philosopher |
| JEREMIAH | | Hebrew prophet, 600 B.C. | KEAN, Edmund | 1787-1833 | English actor |
| JEROBOAM I. | -953 B.C. | 1st King of Israel, 975 B.C. | KEENE, James R. | 1838- | English-American. Speculator, etc. |
| JEROME, Saint | 340-420 | Latin father of the Church | KELVIN, Lord | | See Thomson |
| JOAN OF ARC | 1411-1431 | French heroine | KEMBLE, John Philip | 1757-1823 | English actor |
| JOHN THE BAPTIST | B.C.-A.D. | Preached about 26 A.D. | KEMPIS, Thomas a' | | See Thomas a' K. |
| JOHN (the Evangelist) | -100 | Apostle | KENT, James | 1763-1847 | American jurist |
| JOHN | 1166-1216 | King of England, 1199 | KEPLER, Johann | 1571-1630 | German astronomer |
| JOHN THE GOOD | 1319-1364 | King of France, 1350 | KIDD, William | -1701 | Scotch. Pirate |
| JOHN I. | 1357-1433 | King of Portugal, 1385 | KNOX, John | 1505-1572 | Scottish reformer |
| JOHN OF GAUNT | 1340-1399 | English. Duke of Lancaster | KOCH, Robert | 1843- | German. Discoverer of bacilli |
| JOHN ZIMISCES | | See Zimisce | KOSCIUSKO | 1746-1817 | Polish patriot and leader [tionist |
| JOHNSON, Dr. Samuel | 1709-1784 | English author. Dictionary | KOSSUTH, Louis | 1802-1894 | Hungarian statesman and revolu- |
| JONAH | | Hebrew prophet, 9th cent. B.C. | KRÜGER | 1825 | Pres't of South African Republic |
| JONES, John Paul | 1747-1792 | English. American naval officer | KRUPP, Alfred | 1810-1887 | German manufacturer |
| JONSON, Ben. | 1573-1637 | English dramatist | | | |
| JOSEPH | 1745-1635 B.C. | Jewish patriarch | | | |
| JOSEPHUS, Flavius | 37-100 | Jewish historian | | | |
| JOSHUA | 1552-1442 B.C. | Leader of Israelites | | | |
| JUDAS MACCABÆUS | | See Maccabæus | | | |
| JUDSON, Adoniram | 1788-1850 | American missionary | | | |
| JUGURTHA | -104 B.C. | King of Numidia | | | |
| JULIAN | 331-363 | Roman emperor, 361 | LA FARGE, John | 1835- | American. Painter, etc. |
| JUSTIN I. | 450-527 | Byzantine emperor, 518 | LAFAYETTE, Marquis de | 1757-1834 | French. Aided the Americans |
| JUSTIN MARTYR | 100-165 | Samaria. Father of the Church | LAMARTINE, Alphonse de | 1790-1869 | French statesman, etc. |
| JUSTINIAN I. | -565 | Byzantine emperor, 527 | LAMB, Charles | 1775-1834 | English author |
| JUVENAL | 1st cent. | Roman tragic satirist | LANDOR, Walter S. | 1775-1861 | English author |
| | | | LANDSEER, Sir Edwin | 1802-1873 | English animal painter |
| | | | LAO-TSZE | 600 B.C. | Chinese philosopher, Taoism |
| | | | LAPLACE | 1749-1827 | French astronomer |
| | | | LATIMER, Hugh | 1490-1555 | English reformer |
| | | | LAUD, William | 1573-1645 | English. Archbishop of Canterbury |
| | | | LAVOISIER | 1743-1794 | French. Modern chemistry |
| | | | LAW, John | 1671-1729 | Scottish financier |
| | | | LEE, Robt. Edward | 1807-1870 | American. Confederate general |
| | | | LEIBNITZ, G. W. | 1646-1716 | German philosopher |
| | | | LEICESTER, Earl of | | See Montfort |
| | | | LEONARDO DA VINCI | | See Vinci |
| | | | LEO THE GREAT | -461 | Bishop of Rome, 440 |

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|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| LEO X. | 1475-1521 | Pope, 1513 | MACAULAY, Thos. B. | 1800-1859 | English historian |
| LEO XIII. | 1878 | Pope, 1878 | MACBETH | -1057 | King of Scotland, 1040 |
| LEONIDAS | -480 B.C. | King of Sparta, 491 B.C. | MACCABEES | | Judah, 175-164 B.C. |
| LEPIDUS | -13 B.C. | Roman Triumvir 43-37 B.C. [canal] | MACCABÆUS, Judas | -160 B.C. | Leader of the Jews |
| LESSEPS, Ferd. de | 1805-1894 | French, Constructor of the Suez | MACDONALD, Sir John A. | 1815-1891 | Scotch, Canadian statesman |
| LICINIUS | | Roman tribune of the people, 376 B.C. | MACHIAVELLI, Niccolo | 1469-1527 | Florentine statesman |
| LIEBIG | 1803-1873 | German chemist | MACKAY, John W. | 1831-1902 | Irish-American, Mining, etc., etc. |
| LI HUNG CHANG | 1821-1901 | Chinese statesman | McKINLEY, William | 1813-1901 | American, Pres't of U. S., 1897 |
| LINCOLN, Abraham | 1809-1865 | Pres't of the U. S., 1861 | MACKINTOSH, Sir James | 1765-1832 | Scotch, Lecturer, etc. |
| LIND, Jenny | 1821-1887 | Swedish singer | MACMAHON | 1808-1893 | General, Pres't of France, 1873 |
| LINNAEUS | 1707-1778 | Swedish naturalist | MAECENAS, C. C. | 70-8 B.C. | Roman, Patron of literature |
| LISZT, Franz | 1811-1886 | Hungarian pianist | MAGELLAN | 1470-1521 | Portuguese navigator for Spain |
| LIVINGSTONE, David | 1813-1873 | Scotch, African explorer | MAHOMET | | See Mohammed |
| LIVY | 59 B.C.-17 A.D. | Roman historian | MAINTENON, Madame de | 1635-1719 | Second wife of Louis XIV |
| LOCKE, John | 1632-1704 | English philosopher | MALTHUS, Thos. Robt. | 1766-1834 | English Social economist |
| LONGFELLOW | 1807-1882 | American poet | MANASSEH | -612 B.C. | King of Judah, 697 B.C. |
| LONGINUS | 213-273 | Greek philosopher | MANCHU DYNASTY of Tsing | 1644- | [Manicheans] |
| LORENZO | | See Medici | MANES | 3d cent. | Persian, Founder of the sect of |
| LOTHAIRE I. | 796-855 | Emperor of the Romans, 840 | MANETHO | 3d cent. B.C. | Egyptian historian |
| LOUIS I. | 778-840 | King of the Franks | MANN, Horace | 1796-1859 | American educator |
| LOUIS THE GERMAN | 804-876 | King of Germany, 843 | MARCUS AURELIUS | | See Aurelius [Sweden, 1388] |
| LOUIS VI. | 1078-1137 | King of France, 1108 | MARGARET | 1353-1412 | Queen of Denmark, Norway and |
| LOUIS IX., "Saint" | 1215-1270 | King of France, 1226 | MARGARET OF ANJOU | 1429-1482 | Queen of England, 1445 [1740] |
| LOUIS XI. | 1423-1483 | King of France, 1461 | MARIA THERESA | 1717-1780 | Sovereign of the Austrian dominions |
| LOUIS XIV. | 1638-1715 | King of France, 1643 | MARIE ANTOINETTE | 1755-1793 | Daughter of Maria Theresa, Queen [of France, 1774] |
| LOUIS XVI. | 1754-1793 | King of France, 1774 | MARIOTTE, Edmé | -1684 | French physicist |
| LOUIS PHILIPPE | 1773-1850 | King of France, 1830 | MARIUS, Caius | 157-86 B.C. | Roman general |
| LOYOLA, Ignatius de | 1491-1556 | Spanish, Founder of the "Jesuits" | MARK ANTONY | | See Antony |
| LUCRETIUS | 52 B.C. | Latin didactic poet | MARLBOROUGH, Duke of | 1650-1722 | English general |
| LUTHER, Martin | 1483-1546 | German reformer | MARSHALL, John | 1755-1835 | Chief Justice of the U. S., 1801-35 |
| LYCURGUS | 9th cent. B.C. | Spartan legislator | MARTEL, Charles | | See Charles Martel |
| LYSANDER | -395 B.C. | Spartan commander | MARX, Karl | 1818-1883 | German, Socialist |
| LYSIPPUS | | Greek sculptor, 350 B.C. | MARY I. | 1516-1558 | Queen of England, 1553 |
| LYTTON, E. Bulwer | 1803-1873 | English, Novelist, politician, etc. | MARY II. (Wm. & Mary) | 1662-1691 | Queen of England, 1689 |
| | | | MARY STUART | 1542-1587 | Queen of Scots |
| | | | MATHER, Cotton | 1663-1728 | American theologian |
| | | | MAXIMILIAN I. | 1459-1519 | Emperor of Germany, 1493 |
| | | | MAX-MULLER, F. | 1823-1900 | German-English, Philologist |
| | | | MAXWELL, J. Clerk— | 1831-1879 | Scotch, Electrical theories [XIV.] |
| | | | MAZARIN, Jules | 1602-1661 | France, Prime minister of Louis |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| MAZZINI, Giuseppe | 1808-1872 | Italian Patriot | | | |
| MEDICI, Cosmo | 1389-1463 | Florentine statesman | | | |
| MEDICI, Lorenzo de' | 1469-1492 | Head of the Florentine state, 1469 | | | |
| MEISSONIER | 1815-1891 | French painter | | | |
| MELANCHTHON, Philipp | 1473-1560 | German reformer | | | |
| MENCIUS | 4th cent. B.C. | Chinese philosopher | | | |
| MENDELSSOHN-BARTHOLDY | 1809-1847 | German composer | | | |
| METTERNICH | 1773-1859 | Austrian statesman | | | |
| MEYERBEER | 1791-1864 | German composer | | | |
| MICHAEL ANGELO | 1475-1564 | Italian painter | | | |
| MILL, John Stuart | 1806-1873 | English. Philosophical writings | | | |
| MILTIADES | -489 B.C. | Athenian general | NAPIER, John | 1550-1617 | Scotch. Mathematician |
| MILTON, John | 1608-1674 | English poet | NAPOLEON | | See Bonaparte |
| MING DYNASTY | 1368- | | NARSES | -568 | Byzantine general |
| MIRABEAU | 1733-1791 | French statesman and revolutionist | NEBUCHADNEZZAR | -561 B.C. | King of Babylon, 605 B.C. |
| MITHRIDATES, the Great | 132-63 B.C. | King of Pontus, 120 B.C. | NECHO | -705 B.C. | King of Egypt, 610 B.C. |
| MOHAMMED | 570-632 | Arabian. Founder of Islam | NECKER, Jacques | 1732-1804 | French minister of finance under [Louis XVI. |
| MOHAMMED II. | 1430-1481 | Turkish sultan, 1451 | NELSON, Horatio | 1758-1805 | English admiral |
| MOLIERE | 1622-1673 | French writer of comedy | NERO, (the General) | | Roman consul, 207 B.C. |
| MOLTKE, Count Von | 1800-1891 | German strategist | NERO | 37-68 | Roman emperor, 54 |
| MOMMSEN, Theodor | 1817- | German. Historian of Rome | NERVA | 32-98 | Roman emperor, 96 [dinal |
| MONG or MONGOL DYNASTY | | Established 1280 | NEWMAN, John Henry | 1801-1890 | English clergyman and Roman ear- |
| MONK, George | 1608-1670 | English. Army and navy commander | NEWTON, Sir Isaac | 1642-1727 | English natural philosopher |
| MONTAGU, Lady M. W. | 1690-1762 | English authoress, etc. | NEY, "Marshal" | 1769-1815 | French. General |
| MONTAIGNE | 1533-1592 | French essayist | NICHOLAS I., (the Great) | -897 | Pope, 858 |
| MONTESQUIEU | 1689-1755 | French author | NICHOLAS I. | 1796-1855 | Czar of Russia, 1825 |
| MONTEZUMA II. | | Emperor of Mexico, 1502 | NICHOLAS, Saint | 300 | Asia Minor. Patron of Russia |
| MONTFORT, Simon de | -1218 | French commander in crusade [against the Albigenses | NIEBUHR, B. G. | 1776-1831 | Denmark. Historian |
| MONTFORT, Simon de | -1265 | Leader of the English barons against [Henry III. | NIGHTINGALE, Florence | 1820- | English philanthropist and nurse |
| MOORE, Thomas | 1779-1852 | Irish. Poet | NORTH, Frederick | 1733-1792 | English. Premier, 1770 |
| MORE, Sir Thomas | 1480-1535 | English statesman | | | |
| MORGAN, J. P. | 1837- | American. Financial organizer | | | |
| MORSE, S. F. B. | 1791-1872 | American. Inventor of the electric [telegraph | | | |
| MORTIMER, Roger | -1130 | English. Favorite of Isabella | | | |
| MOSSES | 1571-1151 B.C. | Lawgiver of the Jews | O'CONNELL, Daniel | 1775-1847 | Irish political agitator |
| MOZART, Wolfgang | 1756-1791 | German composer | O'CONNOR, Charles | 1804-1881 | American lawyer |
| MUNGO PARK | | See Park | OCTAVIUS | | See Augustus |
| MURAT, Joachim | 1771-1815 | French. King of Naples, 1808 | ODOACER | -493 | King of Italy, 476 |
| MURILLO | 1618-1682 | Spanish painter | OMAR I. | 581-644 | Arabian. Caliph, 634 |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|----------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------|----------------|--|
| OMAR KHAYYAM | -1124 | Persian poet, etc. | PHILIP II. | 382-336 B.C. | King of Macedon, 359 B.C. |
| ONIAS I. | | High priest of the Jews, 320 B.C. | PHILIP II. | 1165-1223 | King of France, 1180 |
| ORIGEN | 185-254 | Greek father of the Church | PHILIP IV. | 1268-1314 | King of France, 1285 |
| OSMAN | | See Othman | PHILIP II. | 1527-1598 | King of Spain, 1555 |
| OTHRMAN | -656 | Arabian. Caliph, 644 | PHILIPPE, Louis | | See Louis Philippe |
| OTHRMAN (Osman) | 1259-1326 | Founder of the Ottoman Empire, [1299 | PHILLIPS, Wendell | 1811-1881 | American orator and abolitionist |
| OTHO I. | 912-973 | King of Germany, 936. Emperor, [962 | PHILO, Judaeus | 1st cent. | Alexandrian. Jewish religious phi- [ilosopher |
| OTTOCAR II. | -1278 | King of Bohemia, 1253 | PINDAR | 520-440 B.C. | Theban lyric poet |
| OVID | 43 B.C.-18 A.D. | Latin poet | PISISTRATUS | -527 | Tyrant of Athens |
| | | | PITT, William | 1708-1778 | English statesman |
| | | | PIUS IX. | 1792-1878 | Pope, 1846 |
| | | | PIZARRO, Francisco | 1471-1511 | Spaniard. Conqueror of Peru |
| | | | PLATO | 429-348 B.C. | Greek philosopher |
| | | | PLINY, the Elder | 23-79 | Roman naturalist |
| PAGANINI, Niccolo | 1784-1840 | Italian violinist | PLINY, the Younger | 61-113 | Roman writer |
| PAINE, Thomas | 1737-1809 | English-American radical writer | PLUTARCH | 46-120 | Greek biographer |
| PALEY, William | 1743-1805 | English. Natural theology | POE, Edgar Allan | 1809-1849 | American author |
| PALISSY, Bernard | 1510-1589 | French potter | POLO, Marco | 1254-1324 | Venetian traveler |
| PALMERSTON, Viscount | 1784-1865 | English statesman | POLYGNOTUS | 5th cent. B.C. | Greek painter |
| PAPINIAN | 140-212 | Roman jurist | POMPADOUR, Marquise de | 1721-1764 | French. Ambitious Court lady |
| PARK, Mungo | 1771-1806 | Scotch. African explorer | POMPEY, Cneius | 106-48 B.C. | Roman general [1512 |
| PARRHASIUS | 4th cent. B.C. | Greek painter | PONCE DE LEON | 1460-1521 | Spaniard. Discoverer of Florida, |
| PASCAL, Blaise | 1623-1662 | French author and mathematician | PONTIUS PILATE | 38 | Roman governor of Judea |
| PASTEUR, Louis | 1822-1895 | French. Discoveries concerning [bacteria | POPE, Alexander | 1688-1744 | English poet |
| PATRICK, Saint | 5th cent. | "Apostle of Ireland" | PORUS | -317 B.C. | King in India |
| PAUL, Saint | | See Saul of Tarsus | POTIPHAR | | Egypt. 1728 B.C. |
| PAUL | 1751-1801 | Czar of Russia, 1796 | PRAXITELES | 4th cent. B.C. | Greek sculptor |
| PEABODY, George | 1795-1869 | American. Philanthropist | PRESCOTT, Wm. H. | 1796-1859 | American historian |
| PEDRO II. | 1825-1891 | Emperor of Brazil, 1831 | PROBUS | -282 | Roman emperor, 276 |
| PEEL, Sir Robt. | 1788-1850 | English statesman [heresy | PSAMMETICHUS I. | | Egypt. King, 666-610 B.C. |
| PELAGIUS | -430 ? | British. Founder of the Pelagian | PTOLEMY SOTER | -283 B.C. | Founder of the Greek dynasty in [Egypt |
| PENN, William | 1644-1718 | English. Founder of Pennsylvania | PTOLEMY PHILADELPHUS | -247 B.C. | King of Egypt, 285 B.C. |
| PEPIN THE SHORT | -768 | First king of the Franks, 751 | PTOLEMY, Claudius | 2nd cent. | Græeco-Egyptian astronomer |
| PERICLES | 495-429 B.C. | Athenian statesman | PYRRHUS | -272 B.C. | King of Epirus |
| PERRY, Oliver H. | 1785-1819 | American naval officer | PYTHAGORAS | 580-497 B.C. | Greek philosopher |
| PETER THE GREAT | 1672-1725 | Czar of Russia, 1682 | | | |
| PETER THE HERMIT | -1115 | French. Crusader | | | |
| PETER, Saint | | See Simon | | | |
| PETRARCH | 1304-1374 | Italian writer of sonnets | | | |
| PHIDIAS | 490-432 B.C. | Athenian. Famous statues | QUINTILLIAN, M. Fablus | 35-100 | Spanish. Roman rhetorician |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| RABELAIS, Francois | 1483-1553 | French author | SACHS, Hans | 1494-1576 | German poet |
| RACHEL | 1821-1858 | French actress | SAGE, Russell | 1816- | American. Financier and specula- [tor] |
| RACINE, Jean | 1639-1699 | French tragic poet | SAINT-GAUDENS, Augustus | 1848- | Irish. American sculptor |
| RALEIGH, Sir Walter | 1552-1618 | English courtier | SAINT-SIMON | 1760-1825 | French socialist |
| RAMESES THE GREAT | 14th cent. B.C. | King of Egypt, 1300 B.C. | SALADIN | 1137-1193 | Turk. Sultan of Egypt, 1171 |
| RAMESES III. | | King of Egypt, 1200 B.C. | SALISBURY, Marquis of | 1830- | English statesman |
| RAPHAEL | 1483-1520 | Italian painter | SALLUST | 86-34 B.C. | Roman historian |
| REGULUS | 3d cent. B.C. | Roman general | SALVINI | 1830 | Italian. Actor |
| REMBRANDT, Paul | 1607-1669 | Dutch painter | SAMSON | 1116 B.C. | Judge of Israel, 1137-1117 B.C. |
| RENAN | 1823-1892 | French author | SAMUEL | -1058 B.C. | Judge of Israel, 1117-1095 B.C. |
| RENÉ THE GOOD | 1409-1480 | "King of Naples," 1435 | SANCHO THE GREAT | -1035 | King of Navarre and Castile |
| REYNOLDS, Sir Joshua | 1723-1792 | English painter | SANTA ANNA | 1797-1876 | Pres't and dictator of Mexico, 1833 |
| RHODES, Cecil | 1853-1902 | English. So. African statesman, etc. | SAPOR I. | -271 | King of Persia, 242 |
| RICARDO, David | 1772-1823 | English political economist | SAPPHO | 600 B.C. | Greek poetess |
| RICHARD I. | 1157-1199 | King of England, 1189 | SARDANAPALUS | -626 B.C. | King of Assyria, 668 B.C. |
| RICHARD III. | 1452-1485 | King of England, 1483 | SARGON | -705 B.C. | King of Assyria, 722 B.C. |
| RICHELIEU | 1585-1642 | French. Prime minister of Louis | SAUL | -1055 B.C. | First king of Israel, 1095 B.C. |
| RIDLEY, Nicholas | -1555 | Bishop of London | SAUL OF TARSUS | 64 ? | Apostle of the Gentiles |
| RIENZI, Cola di | 1312-1354 | Roman popular leader | SAVONAROLA | 1452-1498 | Italian monk |
| RISTORI, Adelaide | 1821- | Italian actress | SCHILLER | 1759-1805 | German poet, dramatist and his- [torian] |
| ROBESPIERRE | 1758-1794 | French revolutionist | SCHLEGEL, F. von | 1772-1829 | German. Literature |
| ROCKEFELLER, John D. | 1839- | American. Oil | SCHOPENHAUER, Arthur | 1788-1860 | German. Pessimist philosopher |
| RODERIC | -711 | Last Visigothic king of Spain | SCHUMANN, Robert | 1810-1856 | German composer |
| ROEBLING, John A. | 1806-1869 | Prussian. American engineer | SCHWAB, Charles M. | 1862 | American. Pres't of U. S. Steel Co. |
| ROLLO | -931 | Norwegian viking | SCIPIO AFRICANUS | 234-183 B.C. | Roman general |
| ROMILLY, Sir Samuel | 1757-1818 | English. Lawyer and philanthropist | SCOTT, Sir Walter | 1771-1832 | Scottish poet and novelist |
| ROSS, Sir John | 1777-1856 | British arctic explorer | SCOTT, Winfield | 1786-1866 | American general |
| ROSSINI | 1792-1868 | Italian composer | SELEUCUS, Nicator | 358-280 B.C. | Macedonian general |
| ROTHSCHILD, Meyer A. | 1743-1812 | German-Jewish banker | SELKIRK, Alexander | 1676-1721 | Scottish sailor. "Robinson Crusoe" |
| ROUSSEAU, Jean J. | 1712-1778 | French author | SEMMES, Raphael | 1809-1877 | American. Confederate naval com- [mander] |
| ROWLAND, Henry A. | 1848-1901 | American physicist | SENECA, Lucius A. | -65 | Roman philosopher |
| RUBENS, Peter Paul | 1577-1640 | Flemish painter | SENNACHERIB | -681 B.C. | King of Assyria, 705 B.C. |
| RUBENSTEIN, Anton | 1830-1894 | Russian pianist and composer | SEVERUS, Septimius | -211 | Roman emperor, 193 |
| RUDOLPH OF HAPSBURG | 1218-1291 | Emperor of Germany, 1273 | SEWARD, Wm. Henry | 1801-1872 | American statesman |
| RURIK | -879 | Founded the first Russian Empire | SHAKESPEARE, William | 1564-1616 | English dramatist |
| RUTH | At Bethlehem, 1312 B.C. | An ancestor of David | SHALMANESER I. | 14th cent. B.C. | Assyrian king |
| RUYTER, M. A. de | 1607-1676 | Dutch admiral | SHALMANESER II. | | Assyrian king, 860 B.C. |
| | | | SHELLEY, Percy B. | 1792-1822 | English poet |
| | | | SHERIDAN, Philip H. | 1831-1888 | American general |
| | | | SHERIDAN, Richard B. | 1751-1816 | Irish. Statesman and dramatist |

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|-------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| SHERMAN, Wm. T | 1820-1891 | American general | SWIFT, Jonathan | 1667-1745 | Irish. Political writer and satirist |
| SHESHONK (Shishak) | 10th cent. B.C. | King of Egypt | SYLVESTER II. | 940-1003 | Pope, 999 |
| SIDDONS, Sarah | 1755-1831 | English actress | | | |
| SIDNEY, Sir Philip | 1554-1586 | English author and soldier | | | |
| SIGISMUND | 1368-1437 | Emperor of Germany, 1411 | | | |
| SIGISMUND I. | -1548 | King of Poland, 1506 | TACITUS, Caius C. | -117 | Roman historian |
| SILLIMAN, Benj. | 1779-1864 | American physicist | TALLEYRAND, Chas. M. | 1754-1838 | French diplomatist |
| SIMON, (St.) PETER | -65 | One of the twelve apostles | TAMERLANE | 1336-1405 | Mongol conqueror |
| SMITH, Adam | 1723-1790 | Scottish political economist | TANG DYNASTY | 618- | Chinese empire again consolidated Golden age of Chinese literature |
| SMITH, Joseph | 1805-1844 | American. Founder of the Mor- mons | TARQUIN THE PROUD | | Last king of Rome, about 530 B.C. |
| SMITH, Sidney | 1771-1845 | English clergyman, wit, etc. | TASSO, Torquato | 1544-1595 | Italian poet |
| SOBIESKI, John | -1696 | King of Poland, 1674 | TENNYSON, Alfred | 1809-1892 | English poet |
| SOCRATES | 470-399 B.C. | Athenian philosopher | TERTULLIAN | 2d cent. | Latin father of the Church |
| SOLOMON | 1033-975 B.C. | King of Israel, 1015 B.C. | THACKERAY, Wm. M. | 1811-1863 | English novelist |
| SOLOON | 638-559 B.C. | Athenian lawgiver | THALES | 640-546 B.C. | Greek philosopher |
| SOLYMAN I. or II. | 1495-1566 | Turkish sultan, 1520 | THEMISTOCLES | -460 B.C. | Athenian statesman and commander |
| SOMERVILLE, Mary | 1780-1872 | Scotch. Mathematician and scientist | THEODERIC THE GREAT | -526 | King of Ostrogoths, 475 |
| SOPHOCLES | 495-406 B.C. | Greek tragic poet | THEODOSIUS THE GREAT | 346-395 | Roman emperor of the East, 379 |
| SPARTACUS | -71 B.C. | Leader of Roman slaves, 73 B.C. | THIERS, L. A. | 1797-1877 | French statesman and historian |
| SPENCER, Herbert | 1820 | English philosopher | THOMAS A' KEMPIS | 1380-1471 | German. Writer and monk |
| SPENSER, Edmund | 1553-1599 | English poet | THOMAS AQUINAS, Saint | | See Aquinas |
| SPINOLA | 1569-1630 | Italian-Spanish general | THOMAS BECKET | | See Becket |
| SPINOZA, Baruch | 1632-1677 | Dutch-Jewish philosopher | THOMSON, Sir William | 1824- | Irish. Physicist |
| SPURGEON, Charles H. | 1834-1892 | English preacher | THOREAU, Henry D. | 1817-1862 | American author and naturalist |
| STAEL, De. Mme. | 1766-1817 | French authoress | THORWALSDEN, Bertel | 1770-1844 | Danish sculptor |
| STANLEY, Henry M. | 1841- | Wales. African explorer | THOTHMES III. | 16th cent. B.C. | King of Egypt |
| STEIN | 1757-1831 | Prussian statesman | THUCYDIDES | 471-400 B.C. | Athenian historian |
| STEPHEN I. | -1038 | King of Hungary, 997 | TIBERIUS | 42 B.C.-37 A.D. | Roman emperor, 14 A.D. |
| STEPHENSON, George | 1781-1848 | English. Perfector of the locomotive | TIGLATH-PILESER II. | -727 B.C. | King of Assyria, 745 B.C. |
| STEPHENSON, Robert | 1803-1859 | English engineer | TILLY, Johann T. | 1559-1632 | French. General in the Thirty Years' War. |
| STEVENSON, Robert Louis | 1850-1894 | Scotch. Author | TITIAN | 1477-1576 | Italian painter |
| STEWART, A. T. | 1803-1876 | Irish-American. Merchant | TITUS | 40-81 | Roman emperor, 79 |
| STORY, Joseph | 1779-1845 | American jurist | TOLSTOI, Leo | 1828- | Russian novelist, reformer, etc. |
| STRABO | 64 B.C.-24 A.D. | Greek geographer | TRAJAN | 52-117 | Roman emperor, 98 |
| STRADIVARI, Antonio | 1644-1737 | Italian violin maker | TSIN DYNASTY | 255 B.C. | |
| SULLA, Lucius C. | 138-78 B.C. | Roman general and dictator | TURENNE | 1611-1675 | French. Marshal |
| SULLY | 1560-1641 | French. Minister of Henry IV. | TURGOT, Robt. J. | 1727-1781 | French controller-general and econ- omist |
| SUMNER, Charles | 1811-1874 | American statesman and abolition- ist | TURNER, Joseph M. W. | 1775-1851 | English painter |
| SWEDENBORG, Emanuel | 1688-1772 | Swedish philosopher and theoso- phist | TYNDALE, Wm. | 1484-1536 | English reformer and biblical trans- lator |
| SWEYN | -1014 | King of Denmark, 985-of Eng. 1013 | | | |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|-----------------------|-------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | WAGNER, Richard | 1813-1883 | German composer |
| | | | WALLACE, Sir William | 1274-1305 | Scottish patriot [Years' War] |
| | | | WALLENSTEIN | 1583-1634 | Austrian general in the Thirty |
| | | | WALPOLE, Sir Robert | 1676-1745 | Prime minister of Great Britain, [1715] |
| | | | WANAMAKER, John | 1837- | American merchant |
| | | | WARWICK, Earl of | -1471 | English. The "king-maker" |
| | | | WASHINGTON, George | 1732-1799 | Pres't of the U. S., 1789 |
| | | | WATT, James | 1736-1819 | Scottish. Perfector of the steam [engine] |
| ULFILAS | 311-381 | Gothic biblical translator | WATTS, Isaac | 1674-1748 | English sacred poet |
| URBAN II. | -1099 | Pope, 1088 | WAT TYLER | -1381 | English rebel |
| USHER, James | 1580-1656 | Irish. Biblical chronologist | WEBER, Karl M. von | 1786-1826 | Austrian composer |
| | | | WEBER, Wilhelm | 1804-1891 | German physicist |
| | | | WEBSTER, Daniel | 1782-1852 | American statesman and orator |
| | | | WEBSTER, Noah | 1758-1843 | American lexicographer |
| | | | WEDGWOOD, Josiah | 1730-1793 | English potter |
| | | | WELLINGTON, Duke of | 1769-1852 | Irish. British general |
| VALENS | -378 | Emperor of the East, 364 | WESLEY, John | 1703-1791 | English. Founder of Methodism |
| VALENTINIAN I. | 321-375 | Emperor of the West, 364 | WHEATSTONE, Sir Chas. | 1802-1875 | English physicist |
| VANDERBILT, Cornelius | 1794-1877 | American. Pioneer of R. R. con- [solidation] | WHEWELL, William | 1794-1866 | English philosopher and scientist |
| VANDYKE, Sir Anthony | 1599-1641 | Flemish painter | WHITEFIELD, George | 1714-1770 | English. Founder of Calvinistic [Methodism] |
| VARRO, Marcus T. | 116-28 B.C. | Roman scholar and author | WHITNEY, Eli | 1765-1825 | American. Inventor of the cotton [gin] |
| VARUS, Publius Q. | -9 | Roman general and consul | WHITTIER, John G. | 1807-1892 | American poet |
| VASA | | (See Gustavus Vasa) | WILBERFORCE, William | 1759-1833 | English. Abolition of slave trade |
| VERDI, Giuseppe | 1814-1901 | Italian composer | WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR | 1027-1087 | King of England, 1066 |
| VERNE, Jules | 1828- | French author | WILLIAM III. (Prince of Orange) | 1650-1702 | King of Great Britain, 1689 |
| VESPASIAN | 9-79 | Roman emperor, 69 | WILLIAM I. | 1797-1888 | King of Prussia, 1861. Emperor [of Germany, 1871] |
| VESPUCCI, Amerigo | 1451-1512 | Italian navigator | WILLIAM THE SILENT | 1533-1584 | Founder of the Dutch Republic |
| VICO, Giovanni B. | 1668-1744 | Italian. Founder of the philosophy [of history] | WILLIAMS, Roger | 1599-1683 | Wales. Founder of the colony of [Rhode Island] |
| VICTOR EMANUEL | 1820-1878 | King of Italy, 1861 | WINIFRED | | See Boniface [VII.] |
| VICTORIA | 1819-1901 | Queen of Great Britain, 1837 | WOLSEY, Thos. | 1471-1530 | English Cardinal, Minister of Henry |
| VINCI, Leonardo da | 1452-1519 | Italian painter and sculptor | WORCESTER, Edward S. | 1601-1667 | English. Inventor of a steam [engine] |
| VIRCHOW, Rudolf | 1821-1902 | German physiologist, etc. | WORDSWORTH, William | 1770-1850 | English poet |
| VIRGIL | 70-19 B.C. | Latin poet | WREN, Sir Christopher | 1632-1723 | English architect |
| VLADIMIR THE GREAT | -1015 | Russia. Great Duke, 980 | WYCLIFFE, John | 1324-1384 | English religious reformer |
| VOLTAIRE | 1694-1778 | French poet and philosopher | | | |

FAMOUS CHARACTERS IN HISTORY

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|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| XAVIER, Francis—(Saint) | 1506–1552 | Spanish. Jesuit missionary | ZENO | 500 B.C. | Greek philosopher |
| XENOPHON | –350 B.C. | Athenian writer | ZENO | 342–270 B.C. | Founder of the Stoic philosophy |
| XERXES | –465 B.C. | King of Persia, 486 B.C. | ZENO | –491 | Roman emperor of the East, 474 |
| XIMENES, Francisco | 1437–1517 | Spanish prelate and statesman | ZENOBLA | | Queen of Palmyra, 266 |
| | | | ZEUXIS | 400 B.C. | Greek painter |
| | | | ZIMISCES, John | –976 | Byzantine emperor, 969 |
| YANG-KIAN | | He united the Chinese Empire, 590 | ZOROASTER | 10th cent. B.C.? | Founder of the Persian religion |
| YAOU | Time of Abraham, ? | Charlemagne of the East | ZWINGLI, Ulrich | 1484–1531 | Swiss reformer |

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